

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:43:32 ON 06 SEP 2007)

L1 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:43:39 ON 06 SEP 2007  
STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L2 34 S L1 SSS FULL

L3 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:43:57 ON 06 SEP 2007  
75 S L2

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 07:44:19 ON 06 SEP 2007

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:44:50 ON 06 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 07:45:15 ON 06 SEP 2007

L4 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:46:22 ON 06 SEP 2007  
STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L5 3 S L4 SAM SUB=L2  
L6 11 S L4 SSS FULL SUB=L2  
L7 23 S L2 NOT L6

L8 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:46:57 ON 06 SEP 2007  
72 S L7

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:47:02 ON 06 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 07:47:23 ON 06 SEP 2007

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:48:11 ON 06 SEP 2007

L9 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:48:25 ON 06 SEP 2007  
63 S L8 AND PREP/RL

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:49:06 ON 06 SEP 2007

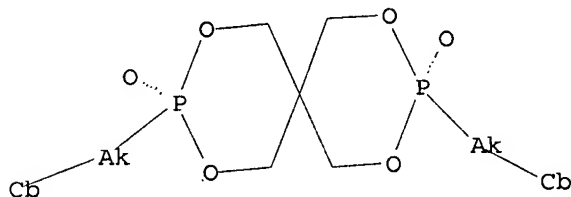
L10 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:49:27 ON 06 SEP 2007  
2 S US200!-541021/APPS  
L11 62 S L9 NOT L10

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:50:09 ON 06 SEP 2007

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR

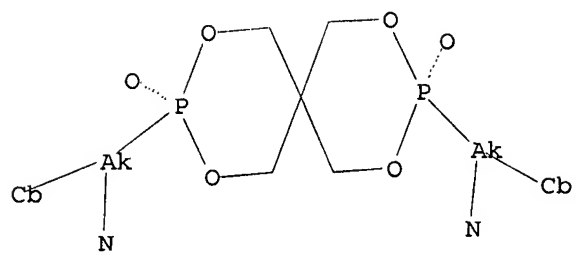


Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

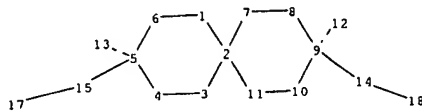
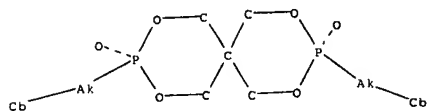
=> d l4

L4 HAS NO ANSWERS

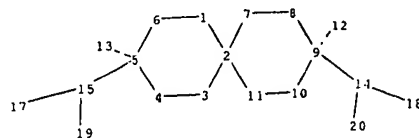
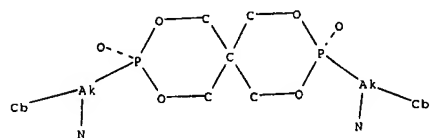
L4 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.



chain nodes :  
12 13 14 15 17 18  
ring nodes :  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11  
chain bonds :  
5-13 5-15 9-12 9-14 14-18 15-17  
ring bonds :  
1-2 1-6 2-3 2-7 2-11 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 8-9 9-10 10-11  
exact/norm bonds :  
1-2 1-6 2-3 2-7 2-11 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-13 5-15 7-8 8-9 9-10 9-12 9-14 10-11  
14-18 15-17  
isolated ring systems :  
containing 1 :  
  
Match level :  
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom  
12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom  
Generic attributes :  
17:  
Saturation : Unsaturated  
18:  
Saturation : Unsaturated



chain nodes :

12 13 14 15 17 18 19 20

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

chain bonds :

5-13 5-15 9-12 9-14 14-18 14-20 15-17 15-19

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 2-7 2-11 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 8-9 9-10 10-11

exact/norm bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 2-7 2-11 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-13 5-15 7-8 8-9 9-10 9-12 9-14 10-11  
14-18 14-20 15-17 15-19

isolated ring systems :

containing 1 :

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom  
12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:CLASS 20:CLASS

Generic attributes :

17:

Saturation : Unsaturated

18:

Saturation : Unsaturated

ANSWER 1 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STM

AN 2005-547653 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 145:168548  
 TI Halogen-free flame-retardant and heat-resistant epoxy resin compositions and their laminates  
 IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiro  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2006193548	A	20060727	JP 2005-3637	20050111
JP 2005-3637		20050111		
MARPAT 145:168548				

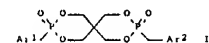


AB The compns. contain (A) 100 parts epoxy resins, (B) 1-200 parts hardeners, and (C) 0.1-200 parts organophosphorus compds. represented by the general formula I (X1, X2 = aromatic group-substituted alkyl represented by the general formula (Al)(Ar)n; L = Cl-5 aliphatic hydrocarbon; Ar = Ph, naphthyl, or anthryl whose aromatic may be substituted; n = 1-3 integer; Ar bonds to any C atom in Al). Thus, a 50% nonvolatile MEK-based varnish comprising Epilcon N 770 (A) 100, dicyandiamide 5.5, 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dibenzyl-3,9-dioxide 30, and 2-ethyl-4-methylimidazole 0.1 part was impregnated into glass cloths to give prepregs with resin content 44.4%, 8 pieces of which were stacked together, sandwiched with electrolytic Cu foils, and hot pressed to give a 1.6-mm thick Cu-clad laminate showing flame retardance V-0 (UL-94) and good solder heat resistance (JIS C 6481).

IT 20544-37-0P 62284-92-SP 475101-74-7P  
 475101-76-9P  
 RI: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use);  
 PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (flame retardant; halogen-free flame-retardant and heat-resistant epoxy resin compns. and their Cu clad laminates)  
 RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, MY, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RM: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, BO, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, NG, TD, TG  
 AU 2003289015 A1 20050629 AU 2003-289015 20031210  
 EP 1693412 A1 20060823 EP 2003-778782 20031210  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK  
 CN 1910230 A 20070207 CN 2003-80111035 20031210  
 US 2007112108 A1 20070517 US 2006-092208 20060608  
 PRAI 145:179071 CAPLUS  
 OS MARPAT 143:79071  
 GI



AB A styrene resin composition which is excellent in thermal stability, hue, flowability, and heat resistance and further has flame retardancy; and a molded article formed therefrom which has an excellent appearance. The resin composition comprises (A) 100 parts styrene resins, (B) 0-100 parts polyphenylene ether resins, and (C) 1-100 parts organophosphorus compds. represented formula (I), wherein Ar1 and Ar2 = Ph or substituted phenyl; satisfying the following requirements (i) the amount of the residue left after heating at 500° ±10%, (ii) the HPLC purity ≥90%, and (iii) the acid value ≤0.5 mg-KOH/g.  
 IT 20544-37-0P  
 RI: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use);  
 PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (fire-retardant; flame-retardant styrene resin compns. and molded article obtained therefrom)  
 RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 1 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STM

AN 2004-857653 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 141:350867

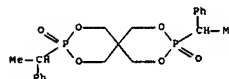
RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 1 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STM

AN 2005-547658 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 143:79071  
 TI Flame-retardant styrene resin compositions and molded article obtained therefrom  
 IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005056671	A1	20050623	WO 2003-JP15799	20031210
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, MY, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, BO, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, NG, TD, TG				

TI Halogen-free flame-retardant styrene resin composition  
 IN Endo, Shigeru  
 PA PS Japan Corporation, Japan  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 69 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004087809	A1	20041014	WO 2004-JP4337	20040326
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, MY, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, BO, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, ML, MR, NE, NG, TD, TG				
CN 1768110	A	20060503	CN 2004-80008516	20040326
US 2006258816	A1	20061116	US 2005-050946	20050928
PRAI 2003-90859	A	20030328		
JP 2003-356211	A	20031016		
JP 2003-357404	A	20031017		
WO 2004-JP4337	W	20040326		

OS MARPAT 141:350867

AB Title flame-retardant styrene resin composition comprises (A) 100 parts of a styrene resin having weight retention at 500° of ≥20% and (B) 0.5-50 parts of halogen-free (quasi) sphere-shaped flame-retardant particles, wherein the component (B) with mol. weight of 200-2,000 and area-average diameter of 0.01-3 μm have been dispersed in (A), and have weight retention at 500° of ≥20% and m.p. of 100°-400°. Thus, a composition was formulated from low-cis polybutadiene rubber-modified α-Me styrene dimer-styrene copolymer 100 and dibenzyl pentaerythritol diphosphonate 2 parts, to give a sample showing UL-94 flame resistance V-2.

IT 20544-37-0 62284-92-8  
 RI: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
 (halogen-free flame-retardant styrene resin composition)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS

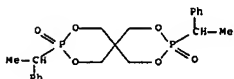
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



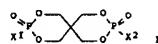
RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 8 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:310197 CAPLUS Full-text  
DN 140:322337  
TI Halogen-free fire-resistant polyamide compositions, moldings therefrom, and spiro bisalkylphosphonate fireproofing agents therefor  
IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Taketani, Yutaka  
PA ~~Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan~~  
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 30 pp.  
CODEN: JKKXAP  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004:15763	A	20040415	JP 2002-285207	20020930
PRAI JP 2002-285207		20020930		
OS MARPAT 140:322337				
GI				



AB The compns. comprise 100:(1-100) (part) (A) polyamides and (B) I [X1, X2 = RArn; R = (branched) C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl(ene); Ar = (substituted) Ph, naphthyl, or anthryl substituted on any C in R; n = 1-3]. Moldings from the compns. are useful for automotive elec. parts, etc. Thus, a 100:15 mixture of Durethan A 30 (nylon 66) and 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dibenzyl-3,9-dioxide (prepared from pentaerythritol, PCl3, and BnBr) was injection molded to give a specimen showing UL 94 fire resistance rating V-0.

IT 20544-37-0P 62284-92-8F 475101-74-7P  
475101-76-9P, 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxide  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(fireproofing agents; halogen-free fire-resistant polyamide compns. containing spiro bisalkylphosphonate fireproofing agents useful for automobile elec. parts)

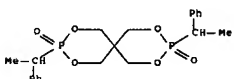
RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



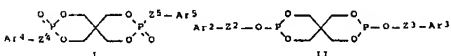
RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 8 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:271545 CAPLUS Full-text  
DN 140:303858  
TI Photochemical preparation of high-purity spiro-pentaerythritol bis(phosphonate)s  
IN Yanagida, Takatsune; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seiichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
PA ~~Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan~~  
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 28 pp.  
CODEN: JKKXAP  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004095565	A	20040402	JP 2002-266622	20020912
PRAI JP 2002-266622		20020912		
OS MARPAT 140:303858				
GI				



[Ar1 = C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; Z1 = similar group as in 24, 25], followed by UV irradiation of the resulting pentaerythritol bis(phosphite)s II (Ar2, Ar3 = similar group as in Ar1; Z2, Z3 = similar group as in Z1). Thus, Pentarit 8 (pentaerythritol) was chlorinated with PCl3, condensed with PHCH2OH, and UV irradiated to give 80.1% I (Ar424 = Ar525 = PhCH2) with 99.1% purity.

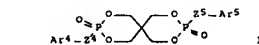
IT 20544-37-0P  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(one-pot preparation of high-purity spiro-pentaerythritol bis(phosphonate)s via bis(phosphite)s)  
RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 8 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:268555 CAPLUS Full-text  
DN 140:304655  
TI Preparation of spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphonates using recycled solvents  
IN Tanabe, Seiichi; Ando, Shinichi; Imamura, Koichi; Tando, Kazushi; Yanagida, Takatsune; Taketani, Yutaka  
PA ~~Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan~~  
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 28 pp.  
CODEN: JKKXAP  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004095566	A	20040402	JP 2002-266623	20020912
PRAI JP 2002-266623		20020912		
GI				



AB Title compds. I (Ar4, Ar5 = C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; Z4, Z5 = CR13R14, CR15R16CR17R18; R13, R14 = H, C6-20 (un)substituted aryl, C1-20 (un)saturated hydrocarbyl; R15-R18 = similar group as in R13, R14), useful as halogen-free fireproofing agents, etc., are prepared by chlorination of pentaerythritol with PCl3 in the presence of inert solvents, successive treatment with Ar121OH

AB Title compds. I (Ar4, Ar5 = C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; Z4, Z5 = CR14R15, CR16R17CR18R19; R14, R15 = H, C6-20 (un)substituted aryl, C1-20 (un)saturated hydrocarbyl; R16-R19 = similar group as in R14, R15), useful for fireproofing agents, etc., are prepared by chlorination of pentaerythritol (II) with PCl3 in the presence of inert solvents, successive treatment with Ar12IOH (Ar1 = C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; Z1 = similar group as in Z4, Z5) in the presence of organic bases, removal of the bases, their salts, and the solvents, and treatment of the resulting spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphites III (Ar2, Ar3 = similar group as in Ar1; Z2, Z3 = similar group as in Z1) with R13X (R13 = alkali metal, C1-20 alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, etc.; X = Br, iodine) at 80-300°. The removed solvents are recovered and reused in the above process. Thus, II was chlorinated with PCl3 in pyridine and xylene, condensed with PhCH2OH, filtered, the filtrate washed with 1N NaOH, the organic phase evaporated, and refluxed with PhCH2Br to give 89% I (Ar4Z4 = Ar5Z5 = PhCH2) with >99% purity. II was similarly reacted in recovered solvent to give the product without decline in yield or purity.

IT 20544-37-0, 3,9-Bis(phenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxo-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation);

(preparation of spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphonates from pentaerythritol using recycled solvents)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER NO OF 02 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004:26542 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:304654

TI Preparation of spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphonates using recovered halides

IN Imamura, Koichi; Ando, Shinichi; Tanabe, Seichi; Tando, Kazushi; Yanagida, Takatsune; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.

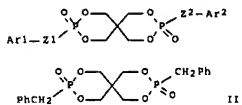
CODEN: JKXXAP

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004099550	A	20040402	JP 2002-265180	20020911
PRAI JP 2002-265180				
OS MARPAT 140:304654				
GI				



AB The compds. I (Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; Z1, Z2 = CR1R2, CR3R4CR5R6; R1, R2 = H, C6-20 (un)substituted aryl, C1-20 (un)saturated hydrocarbyl; R3-R6 = H, C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; C7-30 (un)substituted aralkyl, C1-20 (un)saturated hydrocarbyl), useful as fireproofing agents, are purified by washing crude I (Ar1, Ar2, Z1, Z2 = same as above) with washing solvents containing 250 weight% organic solvents having relative permittivity 10-40 at 25°. The washing solvents are allowed to be reused when they still contain 250 weight% of the organic solvents after using. 3,9-Bis(phenylmethyl)oxyl-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane was treated with benzyl bromide at 120° for 12 h to give I (Z1 = Z2 = CH2, Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph) with 92.0% purity, which was washed with MeOH and filtered to give 30.6 g II with 98.3% purity.

IT 20544-37-0

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PUR (Purification or recovery); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(purification of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as fireproofing agents with washing solvents containing 250% organic solvents having relative permittivity)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER NO OF 02 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004:217191 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:253718

TI Preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates without purification of intermediates

IN Tanabe, Seichi; Yanagida, Takatsune; Tando, Kazushi; Imamura, Koichi; Ando, Shinichi; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAP

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004083538	A	20040318	JP 2002-263848	20020910
P1				

AB Title compds. I (Ar3, Ar4 = C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; Z3, Z4 = CR7R8, CR9R10CR11R12; R7, R8 = H, C6-20 (un)substituted aryl, C1-20 (un)saturated hydrocarbyl; R9-R12 = similar group as in R7, R8), useful for fireproofing agents, etc., are prepared by treatment of spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphites II (Ar1, Ar2 = similar group as in Ar3, Ar4; Z1, Z2 = similar group as in Z3, Z4) with R13X (R13 = C1-10 alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, alkali metal, etc.; X = Br, iodine) at 80-300°, wherein the halides are recovered and reused in the reaction. Thus, II (Ar1Z1 = Ar2Z2 = PhCH2) was refluxed with PhCH2Br in xylene for 4 h to give 91% I (Ar3Z3 = Ar4Z4 = PhCH2) with >99% purity. PhCH2Br was recovered and reused in the rearrangement to give the product without decline in yield or purity.

IT 20544-37-0, 3,9-Bis(phenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxo-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation);

(preparation of spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphonates using recovered halides)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER NO OF 02 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004:269542 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:288188

TI Purification of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as fireproofing agents for polymers

IN Yanagida, Takatsune; Ando, Shinichi; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seichi; Tando, Kazushi; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAP

DT Patent

LA Japanese

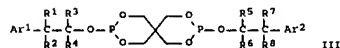
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004099526	A	20040402	JP 2002-263849	20020910
PRAI JP 2002-263849				
OS MARPAT 140:288188				
GI				

PRAI JP 2002-194712 A

OS CASREACT 140:253718; MARPAT 140:253718

GI



AB The diphosphonates I (Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl, R1-R8 = H, C6-20 aryl, C7-30 aralkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl), useful as polymer fireproofing agents, are prepared by treatment of pentaerythritol (II) with PCl3 in nonreactive solvents, treatment of the reaction mixts. with ArCR1R2CR3/R4OH (Ar = C6-20 aryl, R1-R4 = same as above) in the presence of organic bases, removal of the organic bases and their salts from the reaction mixts. containing diphosphites III (Ar1, Ar2, R1-R8 = same as above), and heating the reaction mixts. in the presence of RX (R = alkali metal, C1-20 alkyl, aralkyl, etc.; X = Br, iodine) at 80-300°. Thus, II was treated with PCl3 in o-dichlorobenzene, treated with aqueous NaOH solution and heated in the presence of PhCH2CH2Br at 130° to give 90.3% I (R1-R8 = H, Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph) with purity 99.3%.

IT 20544-37-0, 3,9-Bis(2-phenylethyl)-3,9-dioxo-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);

(preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as polymer fireproofing agents without purification of intermediates)

RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER NO OF 02 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004:217190 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:253717

TI Preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s without purification of intermediates

IN Tanabe, Seichi; Yanagida, Takatsune; Tando, Kazushi; Imamura, Koichi; Ando, Shinichi; Taketani, Yutaka

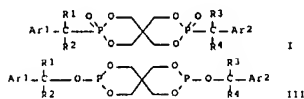
PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 24 pp.



CODEN: JKXXAF  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 2004083537	A	20040318	JP 2002-263847	20020910
PRAI	JP 2002-194711	A	20020903		
OS	CASREACT 140:253717; MARPAT 140:253717				
GI					



AB The title bis(phosphonate)s I (Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl, R1-R4 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl), useful as polymer fireproofing agents, are prepared by treatment of pentaerythritol (II) with PCl3 in nonreactive solvents, treatment of the reaction mixts. with ArCR1R2OH (Ar = C6-20 aryl, R1, R2 = same as above) in the presence of organic bases, removal of the organic bases and their salts from the reaction mixts. containing diphosphites III (Ar1, Ar2, R1-R4 = same as above), and heating the reaction mixts. in the presence of RX (R = alkali metal, C1-20 alkyl, aralkyl, etc.; X = Br, iodide) at 80-300°. Thus, II was sequentially treated with PCl3 in xylene and with PhCH2OH in the presence of pyridine, filtered, and the filtrate was washed with aqueous NaOH solution and then heated in the presence of PhCH2Br at 130° to give 90.6% I (R1-R4 = H, Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph) with purity 99.1%.

IT 20544-37-0P, 3,9-Bis(phenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxo-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane  
RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

as (preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s

polymer fireproofing agents without purification of intermediates)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



AN 2004:139336 CAPLUS Full-text  
DN 140:182448

CODEN: JKXXAF  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 2004051916	A	20040219	JP 2002-214950	20020724
PRAI	JP 2002-214950	A	20020724		
OS	MARPAT 140:182447				
GI					



AB Title compns., also having good hydrolysis resistance, comprise 100 parts resins containing 260% aromatic polyesters, 1-100 parts organic phosphates I (R1, R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl; R3, R6 = C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl; R2, R5 = (substituted) Ph, (substituted) naphthyl, (substituted) anthryl), 0.1-100 parts alkali and/or alkaline earth metal salts, 0-50 parts fireproof improver resins, and 0-200 parts fillers. A composition containing TRB-H 100, 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-di-u- methylbenzyl-3,9-dioxide (prepared from pentaerythritol, PCl3, and 1-phenylethyl bromide) 15, and CaCO3 5 parts was extruded and molded into a test piece showing UL94 test (for 1.6-mm thickness) V-0 and flexural strength retention 270% after 24 h under 120° and 100% relative humidity.

IT 475101-74-7P, 3,9-Bis(2-phenylethyl)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-dioxide

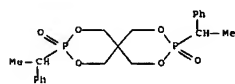
RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(diphosphaspiro compound- and alkali (or alkaline earth) salt-containing

aromatic polyester-based compns. with fire and hydrolysis resistance)

RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



TI Halogen-free fire-resistant aromatic polyester-based resin compositions and their moldings

IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 37 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 2004051917	A	20040219	JP 2002-214951	20020724
PRAI	JP 2002-214951	A	20020724		
OS	MARPAT 140:182448				
GI					



AB Title compns., also having good hydrolysis resistance, comprise 100 parts resins containing 260% aromatic polyesters, 1-100 parts organic phosphates I (R1, R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl, (substituted) Ph, (substituted) naphthyl, (substituted) anthryl; R2, R3, R5, R6 = (substituted) Ph, (substituted) naphthyl, (substituted) anthryl), 0.1-100 parts alkali and/or alkaline earth metal salts, 0-50 parts fireproof improver resins, and 0-200 parts fillers. A composition containing TRB-H 100, 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxide (prepared from diphenylmethylphosphonic dichloride and pentaerythritol) 15, and CaCO3 5 parts was extruded and molded into a test piece showing UL94 test (for 1.6-mm thickness) V-0 and flexural strength retention 270% after 24 h under 120° and 100% relative humidity.

IT 475101-76-9P, 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane

3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxide

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use);

PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(diphosphaspiro compound- and alkali (or alkaline earth) salt-containing

aromatic polyester-based compns. with fire and hydrolysis resistance)

RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



CODEN: JKXXAF  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 2004051819	A	20040219	JP 2002-212260	20020722
PRAI	JP 2002-212260	A	20020722		
OS	MARPAT 140:182441				
GI					



AB The compns. comprise (a) 100 parts polymers containing 260% aromatic polyesters, (b) 1-100 parts organic P compds. I (Ar1, Ar2 = (substituted) Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; R1-R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbon group, (substituted) Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; AL1, AL2 = C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbon group; Ar3, Ar4 = (substituted) Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; p, q = 0-3), (c) 0.1-100 parts alkali metal salts and/or alkaline earth metal salts, (d) 0-50 parts fire resistance-improving polymers, (e) 0-200 parts fillers, and optionally (f) 0.01-10 parts fluoropolymers. Thus, a composition containing TRB H (polybutylene terephthalate) 100, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-dioxide 15, and CaCO3 5 parts was injection-molded to give a test piece showing UL-94 rating V-0 (thickness 1.6 mm).

IT 62284-92-8P, 3,9-Bis(2-phenylethyl)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-dioxide

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM

(Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES

(Uses) (fireproofing agent; preparation of P-containing fireproofing agents for

aromatic polyester moldings with good hydrolysis resistance)

RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS

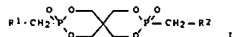
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB ANSWER 2004-02-02 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
2004-11-17-25 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:182440  
TI Halogen-free fire-resistant polymer compositions and their moldings with good hydrolysis resistance  
IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Taketani, Yutaka  
PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 36 pp.  
CODEN: JKKXAF  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004051818	A	20040219	JP 2002-212259	20020722
JP 2002-212259		20020722		
MARPAT 140:182440				



AB The compns. comprise (a) 100 parts polymers containing 260% aromatic polyesters, (b) 1-100 parts organic P compds. I [R1, R2 = (substituted) Ph, naphthyl, anthryl], (c) 0.1-100 parts alkali metal salts and/or alkaline earth metal salts, (d) 0-50 parts fire resistance-improving polymers, (e) 0-200 parts fillers, and optionally (f) 0.01-10 parts fluoropolymers. Thus, a composition containing TRB H (polybutylene terephthalate) 100, 3,9-dibenzyl-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-dioxide 15, and CaCO3 5 parts was injection-molded to give a test piece showing UL-94 rating V-0 (thickness 1.6 mm).

IT 20544-37-0P, 3,9-Dibenzyl-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(fireproofing agent; preparation of P-containing fireproofing agents for aromatic polyester moldings with good hydrolysis resistance)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)

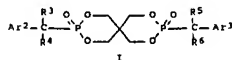
RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB ANSWER 2004-02-02 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
2004-11-17-25 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:181621  
TI Preparation of colorless and high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s  
IN Ando, Shinichi; Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Tanabe, Seichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.  
CODEN: JKKXAF  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004043311	A	20040212	JP 2002-195718	20020704
JP 2002-195718		20020704		
CASREACT 140:181621; MARPAT 140:181621				



AB The title bis(phosphonate)s I (Ar2, Ar3 = C6-20 aryl; R3-R6 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl), useful as fireproofing agents for resins, are prepared by condensation of pentaerythritol (II) with Ar1CR1R2P(O)X2 (Ar1 = C6-20 aryl; R1, R2 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl; X = Cl, Br, iodide) in the presence of organic bases in organic solvents, dissoln. of byproduct H halide-organic base salts in H2O, removal of the aqueous solns., dispersing of the reaction products in aliphatic monohydric alcs., and filtration of the dispersions. Thus, II was condensed with PhCH2P(O)Cl2 in the presence of pyridine in CHCl3, water was added, the water phase was removed, the CHCl3 phase was vacuum-concentrated, MeOH was added, and the slurry was filtered to give I (Ar2 = Ar3 = Ph, R3-R6 = H) in 99% purity and with a yellowing index 2.87.

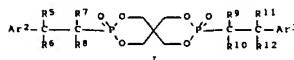
IT 20544-37-0P, 3,9-Bis(phenylmethyl)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-dioxide 475101-76-9P, 3,9-Bis(diphenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxo-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane



AB ANSWER 2004-02-02 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
2004-11-17-25 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:181622  
TI Preparation of colorless and high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s  
IN Ando, Shinichi; Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Tanabe, Seichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.  
CODEN: JKKXAF  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004043312	A	20040212	JP 2002-195719	20020704
JP 2002-195719		20020704		
CASREACT 140:181622; MARPAT 140:181622				



AB The title bis(phosphonate)s I (Ar2, Ar3 = C6-20 aryl; R5-R12 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 aralkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl), useful as fireproofing agents for resins, are prepared by condensation of pentaerythritol (II) with Ar1CR1R2C(R3)R4P(O)X2 (Ar1 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R4 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 aralkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl; X = Cl, Br, iodide) in the presence of organic bases in organic solvents, dissoln. of byproduct H halide-organic base salts in H2O, removal of the aqueous solns., dispersing of the reaction products in aliphatic monohydric alcs., and filtration of the dispersions. Thus, II was substituted with PhCH2CH2P(O)Cl2 in the presence of pyridine in CHCl3, water was added, the water phase was removed, the CHCl3 phase was vacuum-concentrated, MeOH was added, and the slurry was filtered to give I (Ar2 = Ar3 = Ph, R5-R12 = H) in 99% purity and having a yellowing index 1.54.

IT 62284-92-8P, 3,9-Bis(2-phenylethyl)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-dioxide  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s as fireproofing agents for resins by condensation of pentaerythritol with phosphonyl dihalides)

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s as fireproofing agents for resins by condensation of pentaerythritol with phosphonyl dihalides)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB ANSWER 2004-02-02 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
2004-11-17-25 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:147311  
TI Pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonate fireproofing agents, and their polyphenylene ether compositions and moldings with good heat resistance  
IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Taketani, Yutaka  
PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp.  
CODEN: JKKXAF  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004035797	A	20040205	JP 2002-196779	20020705
JP 2002-196779		20020705		
MARPAT 140:147311				



AB The fireproofing agents are I (R1, R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl, Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; R2-R6 = Ph, naphthyl, anthryl). The compns. contain 100 parts blends of 60-100 parts polyphenylene ethers and 0-40 parts styrene polymers, and 1-100 parts I. Thus, an injection molding comprising Zylon (polyphenylene ether) 90, Styron H 9152 (impact-resistant styrene polymer) 10, and I (R1 = R4 = H, R2-R6 = Ph) showed fire resistance (UL 94 test) V-0 and deflection temperature under load 177°.

IT 47-10-14-4P, 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxide

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonate fireproofing agents with no adverse effect on heat resistance of polyphenylene ether compns. and moldings)

RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 23 OF 62, CAPLUS, COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004:97705 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:147310

TI Pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonate fireproofing agents, and their polyphenylene ether compositions and moldings with good heat resistance

IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.

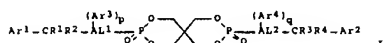
CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004035796	A	20040205	JP 2002-196778	20020705
PRAI JP 2002-196778		20020705		
OS MARPAT 140:147310				
GI				



AB The fireproofing agents are I (R1, R2 = Ph, naphthyl, anthryl) and have acid value of 50.7 mgKOH/g. The compns. contain 100 parts blends of 60-100 parts polyphenylene ethers and 0-40 parts styrene polymers, and 1-100 parts I. Thus, an injection molding comprising Zylon (polyphenylene ether) 90, Styron H 9152 (impact-resistant styrene polymer) 10, and I (R1 = R2 = Ph) 5 parts showed fire resistance (UL 94 test) V-0 and deflection temperature under load 174°.

IT 20544-37-0P

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonate fireproofing agents with no adverse effect on heat resistance of polyphenylene ether compns. and moldings)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 23 OF 62, CAPLUS, COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004:97543 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:164019

TI Preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s without drying of the bis(hydrophosphonate) intermediate and isolation of the alkali salt intermediates

IN Ando, Shinichi; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seiichi; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

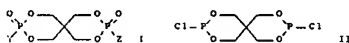
CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004035481	A	20040205	JP 2002-195717	20020704
PRAI JP 2002-195717		20020704		
OS CASREACT 140:164019; MARPAT 140:164019				
GI				



AB The title bis(phosphonate)s I (Y = CR8R9CR6R7Ar2; Z = CR10R11CR12R13Ar3; Ar2, Ar3 = C6-20 aryl, R6-R13 = H, C6-20 aryl, C7-30 aralkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl), useful as fireproofing agents for resins, are prepared by treatment of pentaerythritol with PCl3 under an inert atmospheric, oxidation of the

AB The fireproofing agents are I (Ar1-Ar4 = Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; R1-R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl, Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; AL1, AL2 = C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl; Ar3 and Ar4 may bond to C atom of AL1 and AL2, resp.; p, q = 0-3) and have acid value of 50.7 mgKOH/g. The compns. contain 100 parts blends of 60-100 parts polyphenylene ethers and 0-40 parts styrene polymers, and 1-100 parts I. Thus, an injection molding comprising Zylon (polyphenylene ether) 90, Styron H 9152 (impact-resistant styrene polymer) 10, and I (R1-R4 = H, Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph, AL1 = AL2 = CH2, p = q = 0) 5 parts showed fire resistance (UL 94 test) V-0 and deflection temperature under load 175°.

IT 62284-92-8P

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonate fireproofing agents with no adverse effect on heat resistance of polyphenylene ether compns. and moldings)

RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 22 OF 62, CAPLUS, COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004:97704 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:147309

TI Pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonate fireproofing agents, and their polyphenylene ether compositions and moldings with good heat resistance

IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp.

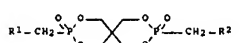
CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004035794	A	20040205	JP 2002-196776	20020705
PRAI JP 2002-196776		20020705		
OS MARPAT 140:147309				
GI				



resulting bis(chlorophosphite) II with proton sources, filtration of the resulting bis(hydrophosphonate) I (Y, Z = H) under an inert atmospheric, treatment of the solvent-wetted bis(hydrophosphonate) with R1OM (R1 = C1-20 alkyl; M = alkali metal) in organic solvents under an inert atmospheric, and substitution of the resulting alkali metal salt I (Y, Z = alkali metal) solns. with Ar1CR2R3CR4R5X (Ar1 = C6-20 aryl; R2-R5 = H, C6-20 aryl, C7-30 aralkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl; X = Cl, Br, iodide). Thus, II was oxidized with tert-BuOH, filtered under a N atmospheric, treated with NaOMe in DMF under a N atmospheric, and then substituted with Ph(CH2)2Br to give I (Y = Z = (CH2)2Ph) in 99% purity.

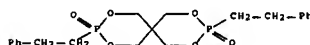
IT 62284-92-8P, 3,9-Bis(2-phenylethyl)-3,9-dioxo-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s without drying of the bis(hydrophosphonate) intermediate and isolation of alkali salt intermediates)

RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 24 OF 62, CAPLUS, COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004:97542 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:164018

TI Preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s without drying of the bis(hydrophosphonate) intermediate and isolation of alkali salt intermediates

IN Ando, Shinichi; Tendo, Kazushi; Tanabe, Seiichi; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.

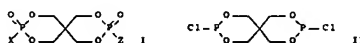
CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004035480	A	20040205	JP 2002-195716	20020704
PRAI JP 2002-195716		20020704		
OS MARPAT 140:164018				
GI				



AB The title bis(phosphonate)s I (Y = CR4R5Ar2; Z = CR6R7Ar3; Ar2, Ar3 = C6-20 aryl; R4-R7 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl), useful as fireproofing agents for resins, are prepared by treatment of pentaerythritol with PCl3 in inert atmosphere, oxidation of the resulting bis(chlorophosphite) II with proton sources, filtration of the resulting bis(hydrophosphonate) I (Y, Z = H) in an inert atmosphere, treatment of the undried solvent-containing bis(hydrophosphonate) with R1OM (R1 = C1-20 alkyl; M = alkali metal) in organic solvents under an inert atmosphere, and substitution of the resulting alkali metal salt I (Y, Z = alkali metal) salts with Ar1CR2R3X (Ar1 = C6-20 aryl; R2, R3 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl; X = Cl, Br, iodide). Thus, II was oxidized with tert-BuOH, filtered under an N atmosphere, then treated with NaOMe in DMF under an N atmosphere, and then substituted with PhCH2Br to give I (Y = Z = CH2Ph) in 99% purity.

IT 20544-37-0P, 3,9-Dibenzyl-3,9-dioxo-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 475101-74-7P, 3,9-Bis(1-phenylethyl)-3,9-dioxo-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane  
 RI: IMP (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s without

drying of bis(hydrophosphonate) intermediate and isolation of alkali salt intermediates)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 27 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
 DN 2004-97537 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:146984

TI Manufacture of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(hydrophosphonate) from the corresponding bis(chlorophosphite)  
 IN Ando, Shinichi; Ando, Shinichi; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
 PI JP 2004035470 A 20040205 JP 2002-194718 20020703  
 PRAI JP 2002-194718  
 OS MARPAT 140:146984  
 GI



AB The diphosphonates I (Y = CCR3R4R1R2Ar1; Z = CR5R6CR7R8Ar2; Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R8 = H, C6-20 aryl, C7-30 aralkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl), useful as fireproofing agents for resins, are manufactured by substitution of I (Y, Z = alkali metals) with Ar3CR5R6X (Ar3 = C6-20 aryl; R5-R6 = H, C6-20 aryl, C7-30 aralkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl; X = Cl, Br, iodide). Thus, 0.80 mol I (Y = Z = Na) was substituted with 1.60 mol PhCH2CH2Br, filtered, and purified with H2O and MeOH to give I (Y = Z = CH2CH2Ph) with purity 99% and content of residual volatile substance 400 ppm. Pellets comprising 100 parts Suntac UT 61 (ABS) and 15 parts I (Y = Z = CH2CH2Ph) were injection-molded to give a test piece showing fire resistance (UL 94) V-2 and good appearance. No deposition was observed in the injection mold after molding 500 times.

IT 20544-37-0P  
 RI: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PUR (Purification or recovery); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (manufacture of low-volatile pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as fireproofing agents for resins from their corresponding alkali metal salts)

RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 27 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
 DN 2004-97536 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:146983

TI Manufacture of low-volatile pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as fireproofing agents for resins  
 IN Ando, Shinichi; Imamura, Koichi; Tando, Kazushi; Tanabe, Seichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

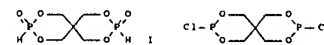
CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
 PI JP 2004035472 A 20040205 JP 2002-194720 20020703  
 PRAI JP 2002-194720  
 OS CASREACT 140:164017  
 GI



AB The title bis(hydrophosphonate) I is prepared by oxidation of II with proton sources from -20° to 80° in solvents having water content of ≤ 1000 ppm. The bis(hydrophosphonate) I may be filtered in an inert atmosphere and recovered as a solid wetted with the solvents without subsequent drying. Thus, II was oxidized with tert-BuOH at 5° in CH2Cl2 (H2O content 3 ppm) and filtered in a N atmosphere to give CH2Cl2-wetted I with selectivity 90%, vs. selectivity 82% when CH2Cl2 containing 10,000 ppm H2O was used.

IT 62284-92-8P

RI: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(hydrophosphonate) by oxidation of the corresponding bis(chlorophosphite) in water-free solvents)

RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 27 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004-97537 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:146984

TI Manufacture of low-volatile pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as fireproofing agents for resins

IN Ando, Shinichi; Tando, Kazushi; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seichi; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
 PI JP 2004035469 A 20040205 JP 2002-194717 20020703  
 PRAI JP 2002-194717  
 OS MARPAT 140:146983  
 GI



AB The diphosphonates I (Y = CR1R2Ar1; Z = CR3R4Ar2; Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R4 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) are manufactured by substitution of I (Y, Z = alkali metals) with Ar3CR5R6X (Ar3 = C6-20 aryl; R5, R6 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl; X = Cl, Br, iodide). Thus, 0.80 mol I (Y = Z = Na) was substituted with 1.60 mol PhCH2Br, filtered, and purified with H2O and MeOH to give I (Y = Z = CH2Ph) with purity 99% and content of residual volatile substance 350 ppm. Pellets comprising 100 parts Suntac UT 61 (ABS) and 15 parts I (Y = Z = CH2Ph) were injection-molded to give a test piece showing fire resistance (UL 94) V-2 and good appearance. No deposition was observed in the injection mold after molding 500 times.

IT 20544-37-0P 475101-74-7P

RI: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PUR (Purification or recovery); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (manufacture of low-volatile pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as fireproofing agents for resins from their corresponding alkali metal salts)

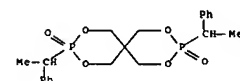
RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

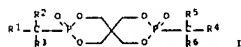


ANSWER 29 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:95692 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:147273  
 TI Pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonate fireproofing agents, and their polyphenylene ether compositions and moldings with good heat resistance  
 IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAP  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004035795	A	20040305	JP 2002-196777	20020705
JP 2002-196777				
MARPAT 140:147273				

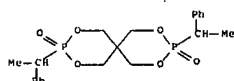
GI



AB The fireproofing agents are I (R1, R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl; R2, R5 = Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; R3, R6 = C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl). The compns. contain 100 parts blends of 60-100 parts polyphenylene ethers and 0-40 parts styrene polymers, and 1-100 parts I. Thus, an injection molding comprising Zylon (polyphenylene ether) 90, Styron H 9152 (impact-resistant styrene polymer) 10, and I (R1 = R4 = H, R2 = R5 = Ph, R3 = R6 = Me) showed fire resistance (UL 94 test) V-0 and deflection temperature under load 172°.

IT 475101-74-7P  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (manufacture of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonate fireproofing agents with no adverse effect on heat resistance of polyphenylene ether compns. and moldings)

RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



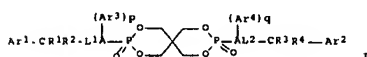
ANSWER 30 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

compositions containing organophosphorus compounds, and their moldings

IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 34 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAP  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018733	A	20040122	JP 2002-177296	20020618
JP 2002-177296				
MARPAT 140:112503				

GI



AB Title compns. contain 100 parts polymers containing ≥60% ABS and 1-100 parts organophosphorus compds. I (Ar1-Ar4 = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; R1-R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl, (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; AL1, AL2 = C1-5 linear or branched aliphatic hydrocarbyl; p, q = 0-3). Thus, a molding comprising 100 parts Santac UT 61 (ABS resin) and 15 parts 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-di(2-phenylethyl)-3,9-dioxide showed UL-94 flammability rating V-2, heat distortion temperature retention 96°, and no burn marks.

IT 475101-74-7P  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (heat- and fire-resistant transparent ABS resin-based compns. containing tetraoxadiphosphaspiroundecanes)

RN 62284-92-B CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 31 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:57551 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:112220  
 TI Halogen-free styrene polymer compositions with good flowability and heat and fire resistance, and their moldings

AN 2004:57592 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:112223  
 TI Flame retardant thermoplastic polycarbonate resin compositions and molded articles  
 IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 42 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAP  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018767	A	20040122	JP 2002-178370	20020619
JP 2002-178370				
MARPAT 140:112223				

GI



AB The compns., having good heat resistance and processability, comprise 100 parts thermoplastic resins containing ≥50% polycarbonates and 1-100 parts I (R1, R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl, (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; R2, R3, R5, R6 = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl) having an acid value of 50.7 mg KOH/g and a purity of ≥90%. Thus, a test piece prepared from polycarbonate (Panlite L 1225MP) 100, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide (II) (acid value 0.3 mg KOH/g, purity 99%) 5, and PTFE (Polyflon MPA-FA 500) 0.2 part showed UL-94 flammability rating V-0, vs. V-1, for a test piece containing II with acid value 1.9 mg KOH/g.

IT 475101-76-9P  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (halogen-free fireproofing agents for thermoplastic polycarbonate resin compns.)

RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



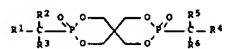
ANSWER 32 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:57585 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:112503  
 TI Halogen-free heat- and fire-resistant transparent ABS resin-based

IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAP  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018626	A	20040122	JP 2002-173995	20020614
JP 2002-173995				
MARPAT 140:112220				

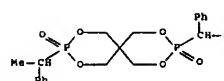
GI



AB The compns. comprise (A) styrene polymers 100, (B) polyphenylene ethers 1-100, and (C) organic P compds. I (R1, R4 = H, C1-5-aliphatic hydrocarbon group; R3, R6 = C1-5-aliphatic hydrocarbon group; R2, R5 = Ph, naphthyl, anthryl) 1-100 parts. Thus, a composition comprising 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(4-methylbenzyl)-3,9-dioxide, a high-impact polystyrene (Styron H 9152), and polyphenylene ether (Zylon) was injection-molded to give a test piece showing limiting O index (LOI) 25.2%, heat distortion temperature 52°, flowability (MVR) 13.7 cm³/10 min, and UL 94 fire resistance rating V0.

IT 475101-74-7P, 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (fireproofing agent; pentaerythritol diphosphonate fireproofing agents for styrene polymer compns. with good flowability and heat resistance)

RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

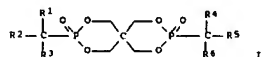


ANSWER 33 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:57590 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:112485  
 TI Halogen-free heat- and fire-resistant transparent ABS resin-based compositions containing organophosphorus compounds, and their moldings  
 IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 33 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018734	A	20040122	JP 2002-177297	20020618
PRAI JP 2002-177297		20020618		
OS MARPAT 140:112485				
GI				



AB Title comps. contain 100 parts polymers containing 260% ABS and 1-100 parts organophosphorus compds. I (R1, R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl, (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; R2, R3, R5, R6 = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl). Thus, a molding comprising 100 parts Santac UT 51 (ABS resin) and 15 parts 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxide showed UL-94 flammability rating V-2, heat distortion temperature retention 98%, and no burn marks.  
 IT 475101-76-9P, 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxide  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (heat- and fire-resistant transparent ABS resin-based comps. containing tetraoxadiphosphaspiroundecanes)  
 RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

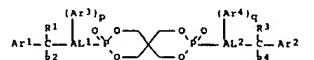


ANSWER 33 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:55638 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:129119  
 TI Halogen-free styrene polymer compositions with good flowability and heat and fire resistance, and their moldings

IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018627	A	20040122	JP 2002-173996	20020614
PRAI JP 2002-173996		20020614		
OS MARPAT 140:129119				
GI				



AB The comps. comprise (A) styrene polymers 100, (B) polyphenylene ethers 1-100, and (C) organic P compds. I (Ar1-4 = Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; R1-4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbon group, Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; AL1, AL2 = C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbon group; p, q = 0-3; Ar3 and Ar4 may link to atoms in AL1 and AL2) 1-100 parts. Thus, a composition comprising 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-3,9-dioxide, a high-impact polystyrene (Styron H 9152), and polyphenylene ether (Zylon) was injection-molded to give a test piece showing limiting O index (LOI) 24.3%, heat distortion temperature 83°, flowability (MVR) 12.6 cm<sup>3</sup>/10 min, and UL 94 fire resistance rating V0.  
 IT 62284-92-4P, 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-3,9-dioxide  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (fireproofing agent; pentaerythritol diphosphonate fireproofing agents for styrene polymer comps. with good flowability and heat resistance)  
 RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

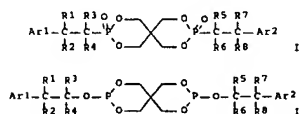


ANSWER 30 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:55600 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:111527

TI Preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s as fireproofing agents for resins  
 IN Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seichi; Ando, Shinichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018387	A	20040122	JP 2002-171213	20020612
PRAI JP 2002-171213		20020612		
OS CASREACT 140:111527; MARPAT 140:111527				
GI				

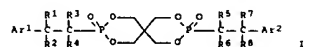


AB The title bis(phosphonate)s I (Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R8 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) are prepared by heating II (Ar1, Ar2, R1-R8 = same as above) having purity 295% in the presence of halogenated compds. at 120-250°. Thus, II (R1-R8 = H, Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph; purity 99%) was heated in the presence of Ph(CH2)2Br at 180° to give I (R1-R8, Ar1, Ar2 = same as above) showing purity 99% with selectivity 92%.  
 IT 62284-92-4P, 3,9-Bis(2-phenylethyl) 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s as fireproofing agents for resins by heating corresponding diphosphites with halogen compds.)  
 RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



TI Pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as fireproofing agents with no halogen gas generation in kneading with resins  
 IN Taketani, Yutaka; Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seichi  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018383	A	20040122	JP 2002-171209	20020612
PRAI JP 2002-171209		20020612		
OS MARPAT 140:112216				
GI				



AB The diphosphonates I (Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R8 = H, C6-20 aryl, C7-30 aralkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) have content of total residual halogen of 53000 ppm and ionic halogen of 51000 ppm. Thus, pellets comprising 100 parts Santac UT 61 (ABS) and 15 parts I (Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph, R1-R8 = H; total residual halogen 120 ppm, ionic halogen 41 ppm) were injection-molded to give a test piece showing fire resistance (UL 94) V-2 and good appearance. No deposition was observed in the injection mold after molding 500 times.  
 IT 62284-92-5P  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as fireproofing agents with no halogen gas generation in kneading with resins)  
 RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 36 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:55598 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:112215

TI Pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as fireproofing agents with no

halogen gas generation in kneading with resins  
 Taketani, Yutaka; Yamana, Katsuhiro; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seiichi  
 Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.  
 CODEN: JKKXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018362	A	20040122	JP 2002-171208	20020612
PRAI JP 2002-171208				
OS MARPAT 140:112215				
GI				



AB The diphosphonates I (Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R4 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) have content of total residual halogen of 5000 ppm and ionic halogen of 1000 ppm. Thus, pellets comprising 100 parts Suntac UT 61 (ABS) and 15 parts I (Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph, R1-R4 = H; total residual halogen 100 ppm, ionic halogen 36 ppm) were injection-molded to give a test piece showing fire resistance (UL 94) V-2 and good appearance. No deposition was observed in the injection mold after molding 500 times.  
 IT 20544-37-0 CAPLUS  
 RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1225WP) 100, 3,9-di(2-phenylethyl)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide (II) (acid value 0.03 mg KOH/g, purity 99%) 5, and PTFE (Polyflon MPA-FA 500) 0.2 part showed UL-94 flammability rating V-0, vs. V-1, for a test piece containing II with acid value 1.7 mg KOH/g.  
 IT 62294-92-8 CAPLUS  
 RN 62294-92-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

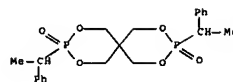


AN 2004:52962 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:112209  
 TI Flame retardant thermoplastic polycarbonate resin compositions and molded articles  
 IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 39 pp.  
 CODEN: JKKXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018765	A	20040122	JP 2002-178367	20020619
PRAI JP 2002-178367				
OS MARPAT 140:112209				
GI				



AB The compns., having good heat resistance and processability, comprise 100 parts thermoplastic resins containing 250% polycarbonates and 1-100 parts I [R1, R2 = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; R3, R6 = C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl; R4, R5 = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl] having an acid value of 50.7 mg KOH/g and a purity of 290%. Thus, a test piece prepared from polycarbonate

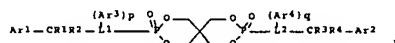


RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



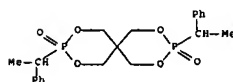
AN 2004:52963 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:112210  
 TI Flame retardant thermoplastic polycarbonate resin compositions and molded articles  
 IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 42 pp.  
 CODEN: JKKXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018766	A	20040122	JP 2002-178369	20020619
PRAI JP 2002-178369				
OS MARPAT 140:112210				
GI				



AB The compns., having good heat resistance and processability, comprise 100 parts thermoplastic resins containing 250% polycarbonates and 1-100 parts I [Ar1-Ar4 = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; L1, L2 = C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbon group; R1-R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl, (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; p, q = 0-3] having an acid value of 50.7 mg KOH/g and a purity of 290%. Thus, a test piece prepared from polycarbonate (Panlite L

(Panlite L 1225WP) 100, 3,9-di(u-methylbenzyl)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide (II) (acid value 0.03 mg KOH/g, purity 99%) 5, and PTFE (Polyflon MPA-FA 500) 0.2 part showed UL-94 flammability rating V-0, vs. V-1, for a test piece containing II with acid value 2.1 mg KOH/g.  
 IT 475101-74-7 CAPLUS  
 RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AN 2004:52961 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:112208  
 TI Flame retardant thermoplastic polycarbonate resin compositions and molded articles  
 IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 41 pp.  
 CODEN: JKKXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018764	A	20040122	JP 2002-178367	20020619
PRAI JP 2002-178367				
OS MARPAT 140:112208				
GI				



AB The compns., having good heat resistance and processability, comprise 100 parts thermoplastic resins containing 250% polycarbonates and 1-100 parts I [R1, R2 = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl] having an acid value of 50.7

mg KOH/g and a purity of 290%. Thus, a test piece prepared from polycarbonate (Panlite L 1225WP) 100, 3,9-dibenzyl-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide (II) (acid value 0.06 mg KOH/g, purity 99%) 5, and PTFE (Polyflon MPA-FA 500) 0.2 part showed UL-94 flammability rating V-0, vs. V-1, for a test piece containing II with acid value 2.5 mg KOH/g.

IT 20544-37-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(halogen-free fireproofing agents for thermoplastic polycarbonate resin compns.)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



# ANSWER 45 OF 64 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:52945 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:112462

TI halogen-free heat- and fire-resistant transparent ABS resin-based compositions containing organophosphorus compounds and their moldings

IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 33 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2004018732	A	20040122	JP 2002-177295	20020618
PRAI JP 2002-177295		20020618		
OS MARPAT 140:112462				
GI				



AB Title compns. contain 100 parts polymers containing 250% ABS and 1-100 parts organophosphorus compds. I [R1, R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl; R3, R6 = C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl; R2, R5 = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl]. Thus, a molding comprising 100 parts Santac UT 61 (ABS resin) and 15 parts 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-di- $\alpha$ -methylbenzyl-3,9-

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(heat- and fire-resistant transparent ABS resin-based compns. containing tetraoxadiphosphaspiroundecanes)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



# ANSWER 42 OF 64 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:52888 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:129118

TI Halogen-free styrene polymer compositions with good flowability and heat and fire resistance, and their moldings

IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2004018628	A	20040122	JP 2002-173997	20020614
PRAI JP 2002-173997		20020614		
OS MARPAT 140:129118				
GI				



AB The compns. comprise (A) 100 parts resins containing 250% styrene polymers and (B) 1-100 parts organic P compds. I (R1, R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbon group, Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; R2, R3, R5, R6 = Ph, naphthyl, anthryl). Thus, a composition comprising 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxide and a high-impact polystyrene (Styron H 9152) was injection-molded to give a test piece showing limiting O index (LOI) 21.7%, heat distortion temperature 82°, flowability (MVR) 32.4 cm<sup>3</sup>/10 min, and UL 94 fire resistance rating V2.

IT 475101-74-5P, 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane,

3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM

dioxide showed UL-94 flammability rating V-2, heat distortion temperature retention 95%, and no burn marks.

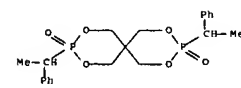
IT 475101-74-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(heat- and fire-resistant transparent ABS resin-based compns. containing tetraoxadiphosphaspiroundecanes)

RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



# ANSWER 41 OF 64 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:52944 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:112461

TI Halogen-free heat- and fire-resistant transparent ABS resin-based compositions containing organophosphorus compounds and their moldings

IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 33 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2004018731	A	20040122	JP 2002-177294	20020618
PRAI JP 2002-177294		20020618		
OS MARPAT 140:112461				
GI				



AB Title compns. contain 100 parts polymers containing 250% ABS and 1-100 parts organophosphorus compds. I [R1, R2 = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl] with acid value 50.7 mg KOH/g. Thus, a molding comprising 100 parts Santac UT 61 (ABS resin) and 15 parts 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-dibenzyl-3,9-dioxide showed UL-94 flammability rating V-2, heat distortion temperature retention 98%, and no burn marks.

IT 20544-37-0P

(Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(fireproofing agent; pentaerythritol diphosphonate fireproofing agents for styrene polymer compns. with good flowability and heat resistance)

RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



# ANSWER 40 OF 64 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:52887 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:129117

TI Halogen-free styrene polymer compositions with good flowability and fire and heat resistance, and moldings using them

IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.

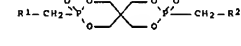
CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2004018625	A	20040122	JP 2002-173994	20020614
PRAI JP 2002-173994		20020614		
OS MARPAT 140:129117				
GI				



AB The compns. comprise (A) styrene polymers 100, (B) polyphenylene ethers 1-100, and (C) organic P compds. I (R1, R2 = Ph, naphthyl, anthryl) 1-100 parts. Thus, a composition comprising 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dibenzyl-3,9-dioxide, a high-impact polystyrene (Styron H 9152), and polyphenylene ether (Zylon) was injection-molded to give a test piece showing limiting O index (LOI) 24.7%, heat distortion temperature 89°, flowability (MVR) 12.3 cm<sup>3</sup>/10 min, and UL 94 fire resistance rating V0.

IT 20544-37-0P, 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane,

3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES



## (Uses)

(fireproofing agent; pentaerythritol diphosphonate fireproofing agents for styrene polymer compns. with good flowability and heat resistance)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 47-OP-62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:52867 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:112448

TI Flame-retardant nonhalogen aromatic polyester compositions and their moldings

IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 38 pp.

CODEN: JKKXAF

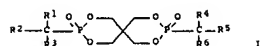
DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018586	A	20040122	JP 2002-172651	20020613
JP 2002-172651		20020613		
MARPAT 140:112448				

GI



AB The compns. comprise (A) resins containing ≥60% aromatic polyesters 100, (B) organic P compds. I (R1, R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl, Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; R2, R3, R5, R6 = Ph, naphthyl, anthryl) 1-100, (C) fireproofing resins 0-50, and (D) fillers 0-200 parts. Thus, a 1.6-mm-thick specimen from a composition of 100 parts TRB H (PBT) and 20 parts 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxide (preparation described) showed UL 94 fire resistance rating V0 and LOI (limiting O index; JIS K 7201) 28.0.

IT 475101-76-9P, 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-3,9-dioxide

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

IT 62284-92-8P

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(aromatic polyester composition containing organic phosphate fireproofing agent for halogen-free molding)

RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 46-OP-62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:52779 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:111522

TI Preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s as fireproofing agents for resins

IN Yanagida, Takatsune; Tanabe, Seichi; Imamura, Koichi; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.

CODEN: JKKXAF

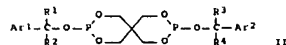
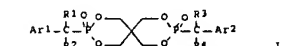
DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018386	A	20040122	JP 2002-171212	20020612
JP 2002-171212		20020612		
CASREACT 140:111522; MARPAT 140:111522				

GI



AB The title bis(phosphonate)s I (Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R4 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) are prepared by heating II (Ar1, Ar2, R1-R4 = same as above) having purity ≥95% in the presence of halogenated compds. at 80-200°. Thus, I (R1-R4 = H, Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph; purity 98%) was heated in the presence of

(fireproofing agents; spirodiphosphate-fireproofed aromatic polyester-based resin compns. free from halogens)

RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 49-OP-62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:52866 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:112203

TI Aromatic polyester composition containing organic phosphate fireproofing agent and molding of the composition

IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiro; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 42 pp.

CODEN: JKKXAF

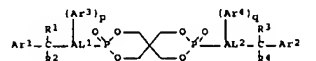
DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018585	A	20040122	JP 2002-172650	20020613
JP 2002-172650		20020613		
MARPAT 140:112203				

GI



AB The composition contains 100 parts of a resin containing ≥60% of an aromatic polyester, 1-100 parts of the organic phosphate I (Ar1, Ar2 = Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; R1-R4 = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbyl, Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; AL1, AL2 = C1-5 branched or linear aliphatic hydrocarbyl; Ar3, Ar4 = Ph, naphthyl, anthryl; p, q = 0-3; each of Ar3 and Ar4 may be linked with AL1 and AL2; Ph, naphthyl, and anthryl may be substituted with aromatic ring) as the claimed fireproofing agent, 0-50 parts of a resin for improvement of fire resistance, and 0-200 parts of a filler. The composition is molded to give the halogen-free fire-resistant molding. Thus, 100 parts poly(butylene terephthalate) (TRB-H) and 15 parts 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-3,9-dioxide were blended, mixed with chopped glass fiber, and injection-molded to give test pieces UL-94 flame retardance V-0 and limiting oxygen index (LOI) 27.5.

PhCH2Br at 150° to give I (R1-R4, Ar1, Ar2 = same as above) showing purity 99% with selectivity 95%.

IT 20544-37-0P, 3,9-Dibenzyl-2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide 475101-74-7P

475101-76-9P, 3,9-Bis(benzhydryl)-2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s

with halogen compds.)

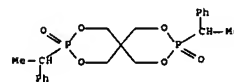
RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 47-OP-62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:52778 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:111521

TI Preparation of low-volatile pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s as fireproofing agents for resins

IN Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seichi; Ando, Shinichi; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2004018385	A	20040122	JP 2002-171211	20020612
PRAI JP 2002-171211		20020612		
OS CASREACT 140:111521; MARPAT 140:111521				
GI				



AB The title bis(phosphonate)s I (Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R8 = H, C6-20 aryl, C7-30 aralkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) are prepared by heating II (Ar1, Ar2, R1-R8 = same as above) in the presence of halogenated compds. at 120-250°. For decreasing content of residual volatile substances to 55000 ppm, the crude I may be washed with R5OH (R5 = C1-10 alkyl) at 50-120°. Thus, II (R1-R8 = H, Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph) was heated in the presence of Ph(CH2)2Br at 180°, filtered, refluxed with MeOH, washed with MeOH, and dried to give 87% I (R1-R8, Ar1, Ar2 = same as above) showing purity >99% and content of residual volatile substances 300 ppm.

IT 62284-92-8P, 3,9-Bis(2-phenylethyl)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of low-volatile pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s as fireproofing agents for resins by heating corresponding diphosphites with halogen compds.)

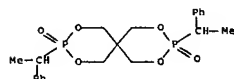
RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 30 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS OR STN  
 AN 2004:52777 CAPLUS Full-text



RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 30 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS OR STN  
 AN 2004:52776 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:112200  
 TI Low-volatile pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as fireproofing agents for resins  
 IN Taketani, Yutaka; Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seichi  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2004018381	A	20040122	JP 2002-171207	20020612
PRAI JP 2002-171207		20020612		
OS MARPAT 140:112200				
GI				

DN 140:111520

TI Preparation of low-volatile pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s as fireproofing agents for resins

IN Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seichi; Yanagida, Takatsune; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

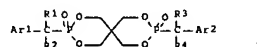
CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2004018384	A	20040122	JP 2002-171210	20020612
PRAI JP 2002-171210		20020612		
OS CASREACT 140:111520; MARPAT 140:111520				
GI				

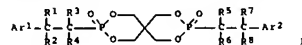


AB The title bis(phosphonate)s I (Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R4 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) are prepared by heating II (Ar1, Ar2, R1-R4 = same as above) in the presence of halogenated compds. at 80-200°. For decreasing content of residual volatile substances to 55000 ppm, the crude I may be washed with R5OH (R5 = C1-10 alkyl) at 50-120°. Thus, II (R1-R4 = H, Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph) was heated in the presence of PhCH2Br at 150°, filtered, refluxed with MeOH, washed with MeOH, and dried to give 82% I (R1-R4, Ar1, Ar2 = same as above) showing purity >99% and content of residual volatile substances 500 ppm.

IT 20544-37-0P, 3,9-Dibenzyl-2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide 475101-74-7P  
 475101-76-9P, 3,9-Bis(diphenylmethyl)-2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of low-volatile pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s as fireproofing agents for resins by heating corresponding diphosphites with halogen compds.)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



AB The diphosphonates I (Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R8 = H, C6-20 aryl, C7-30 aralkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) have content of residual volatile substances of 55000 ppm. Thus, pellets comprising 100 parts Suntac UT 61 (ABS) and 15 parts I (Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph, R1-R8 = H; residual volatile substance 400 ppm) were injection-molded to give a test piece showing fire resistance (UL 94) V-2. No deposition was observed in the injection mold after molding 500 times.

IT 475101-74-7P, 3,9-Bis(diphenylmethyl)-2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (low-volatile pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as fireproofing agents for resins)

RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 30 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS OR STN  
 AN 2004:52775 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:112199  
 TI Low-volatile pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as fireproofing agents for resins  
 IN Taketani, Yutaka; Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seichi  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2004018380	A	20040122	JP 2002-171206	20020612
PRAI JP 2002-171206		20020612		
OS MARPAT 140:112199				
GI				

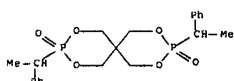


AB The diphosphonates I (Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R4 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) have content of residual volatile substances of 55000 ppm. Thus, pellets comprising 100 parts Sultac UT 61 (ABS) and 15 parts I (Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph, R1-R4 = H; residual volatile substance 350 ppm) were injection-molded to give a test piece showing fire resistance (UL 94) V-2. No deposition was observed in the injection mold after molding 500 times.

IT 20544-37-0P 475101-74-7P 475101-76-9P,  
2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use);  
PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(low-volatile pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as fireproofing agents for resins)  
RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AN 2004:36973 CAPLUS Full-text  
DN 140:94947

TI Preparation of pentaerythritol diphosphonates with low acid value  
IN Taketani, Yutaka; Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seiichi  
PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.  
CODEN: JKKXAF  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1  
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
PI JP 2004010588 A 20040115 JP 2002-169888 20020611  
PRAI JP 2002-169888 20020611  
OS MARPAT 140:94947  
GI

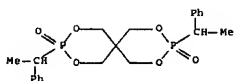


AB The title compds. I (Ar1, Ar2 = (un)substituted C6-20 aryl; R1-R4 = H, (un)substituted C6-20 aryl, (un)saturated C1-20 hydrocarbyl), having an acid value of 50.7 mg KOH/g and a purity of 294%, are prepared. The compds. are especially useful as fireproofing agents for resins. Thus, a test piece prepared from 100 parts polybutylene terephthalate (TRB-H) and 20 parts 3,9-dibenzyl-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide (II) (acid value 0.06 mg KOH/g, purity 99%) showed UL-94 flammability rating V-0, vs. V-2, for a test piece containing II with acid value 2.5 mg KOH/g.

IT 20544-37-0P 475101-74-7P 475101-76-9P  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use);  
PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of pentaerythritol diphosphonates with low acid value for fireproofing agents)  
RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AN 2004:32609 CAPLUS Full-text  
DN 140:94927

TI Preparation of pentaerythritol diphosphonates with low yellowness index and good hue  
IN Taketani, Yutaka; Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seiichi  
PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.  
CODEN: JKKXAF

DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

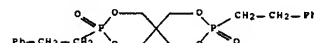
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2004010588	A	20040115	JP 2002-169891	20020611
PRAI JP 2002-169891		20020611		
OS MARPAT 140:94927				
GI				



AB The title compds. I [Ar1, Ar2 = (un)substituted C6-20 aryl; R1-R8 = H, (un)substituted C6-20 aryl, C7-30 alkyl, (un)saturated C1-20 hydrocarbyl] having yellowness index (YI) 58, L value 285, a value 50.5, and b value 54.0, are prepared. The compds. are especially useful as fireproofing agents for resins. Thus, a test piece prepared from 100 parts polybutylene terephthalate (TRB-H) and 20 parts 3,9-di(2-phenylethyl)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-

diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide (YI 1.08, L 95.95, a -0.17, b 0.53) showed UL-94 flammability rating V-0.  
IT 62284-92-8P, 3,9-Bis(2-phenylethyl)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dioxide  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use);  
PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of pentaerythritol diphosphonates with low yellowness index for fireproofing agents)

RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AN 2004:32608 CAPLUS Full-text  
DN 140:94926

TI Preparation of pentaerythritol diphosphonates with low yellowness index and good hue  
IN Taketani, Yutaka; Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seiichi  
PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.  
CODEN: JKKXAF

DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2004010588	A	20040115	JP 2002-169890	20020611
PRAI JP 2002-169890		20020611		
OS MARPAT 140:94926				
GI				



AB The title compds. I [Ar1, Ar2 = (un)substituted C6-20 aryl; R1-R4 = H, (un)substituted C6-20 aryl, (un)saturated C1-20 hydrocarbyl], having yellowness index (YI) 58, L value 285, a value 50.5, and b value 54.0, are prepared. The compds. are especially useful as fireproofing agents for resins. Thus, a test piece prepared from 100 parts polybutylene terephthalate (TRB-H) and 20 parts 3,9-dibenzyl-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane

3,9-dioxide (YI 3.10, L 95.57, a -0.27, b 1.65) showed UL-94 flammability rating V-0 and good hue.  
 IT 20544-37-0P 475101-74-7P 475101-76-9P  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use);  
 PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of pentaerythritol diphosphonates with low yellowness index

for  
 (fireproofing agents)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 61 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004:32607 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:94925  
 TI Preparation of pentaerythritol diphosphonates with low acid value  
 IN Taketani, Yutaka; Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seichi  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PI JP 2002-66600 A 20020925 JP 2002-66600 20020312  
 PRAI JP 2002-66600 20020312  
 OS CASREACT 139:277001; MARPAT 139:277001  
 GI



AB The title compds. I [R1, R4 = H, Ar(R7)n; R2, R3, R5, R6 = Ar(R7)n; Ar = Ph, naphthyl, anthryl, pyridyl, thiazyl; n = 0-5; R7 = Me, Et, Pr, Bu, aryloxy, arylthio, etc.] are prepared by reaction of pentaerythritol with phosphonic acid dihalides. E.g., pentaerythritol (468.1 g) was esterified with 2058.5 g Ph2CHP(O)Cl2 (preparation given) in CHCl3 in the presence of pyridine at 60° for 6 h to give 1156.2 g I (R1 = R4 = H, R2 = R3 = R5 = R6 = Ph), which was added to polypropylene at 30 phr and injection-molded to give a test piece showing fire resistance (UL 94) V-2.

IT 475101-76-9P  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of pentaerythritol diphosphonates as fireproofing agents for polymers)

RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 63 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2002:88823 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 137:370855  
 TI Flame-retardant polyester-based resin compositions containing organic phosphorous compounds and molded articles therefrom  
 IN Yamanaka, Katsuhiko; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 95 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
 PI WO 2002092690 A1 20021121 WO 2002-JP4659 20020514  
 WI: CN, KR, US

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
 PI JP 2004010587 A 20040115 JP 2002-169889 20020611  
 PRAI JP 2002-169889 20020611  
 OS MARPAT 140:94925  
 GI



AB The title compds. I [Ar1, Ar2 = (un)substituted C6-20 aryl; R1-R8 = H, (un)substituted C6-20 aryl, C7-30 aralkyl, (un)saturated C1-20 hydrocarbyl], having an acid value of 50.7 mg KOH/g and a purity of 99.4%, are prepared. The compds. are especially useful as fireproofing agents for resins. Thus, a test piece prepared from 100 parts polybutylene terephthalate (TRB-H) and 20 parts 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide (II) (acid value 0.03 mg KOH/g, purity 99%) showed UL-94 flammability rating V-0, vs. V-2, for a test piece containing II with acid value 1.3 mg KOH/g.

IT 62284-92-8P 3,9-Bis(2-phenylethyl)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use);  
 PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of pentaerythritol diphosphonates with low acid value for fireproofing agents)

RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 62 OF 62 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2003:752758 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 139:277001  
 TI Preparation of pentaerythritol diphosphonates and their use as fireproofing agents for polymers  
 IN Ando, Shinichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR  
 JP 2003034749 A 20030207 JP 2002-138136 20020514  
 EP 1408085 A1 20040414 EP 2002-769597 20020514  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI, CY, TR  
 CN 1509314 A 20040630 CN 2002-810103 20020514  
 JP 2001160722 A 20030606 JP 2002-165449 20020606  
 JP 2002131019 A 20030730 JP 2002-165450 20020606  
 US 2004127611 A1 20040701 US 2003-476390 20031031  
 US 7087667 B2 20060808  
 US 2005256293 A1 20051117 20050615  
 PRAI JP 2001-144478 A 20010515  
 JP 2001-281268 A 20010917  
 JP 2001-347212 A 20011113  
 WO 2002-JP4659 W 20020514  
 US 2003-476390 A1 20031031  
 OS MARPAT 137:370855

AB Title compds. comprising (A) a resin component comprising ≥60 aromatic polyester resin 100, (B) a organophosphorus compound with acid value 50.7 mg-KOH/g, (C) a resin or improving flame retardancy 0-50, and (D) a filler 0-200 parts, are substantially halogen free, and meet UL94 V-2 or meet UL94 V-0 under suitable conditions. Thus, 6.81 parts pentaerythritol and 13.76 parts trichlorophosphine were reacted at 60° to give a 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane,3,9-dihydro-3,9-dioxide, 10.94 parts benzyl bromide was added therein to give a 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane,3,9-dibenzyl-3,9-dioxide with acid value 0.06 mg-KOH/g, 15 parts of which was mixed with 100 parts TRB-H to give a composition showing good flame retardancy.

IT 20544-37-0P 62284-92-8P 475101-74-7P 4751-76-9P  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use);  
 PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (flame retardant; preparation of organic phosphorous flame retardants for halogen free flame-retardant polyester resin compns.)

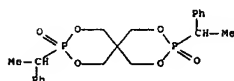
RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 62284-92-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-74-7 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-76-9 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(diphenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE/CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

AN 1980:59635 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 92:59635

TI Pentaerythritol diphosphonate-ammonium polyphosphate combinations as flame retardants for olefin polymers

IN Hardy, William B.; Min, Tae B.; Hoffman, Joseph A.

PA American Cyanamid Co., USA

SO U.S., 4 pp.

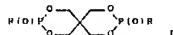
CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

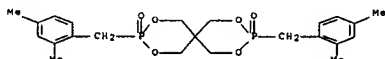
LA English

FAN.CNT 1

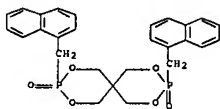
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4174343	A	19791113	US 1978-903264	19780505
US 1978-903294	A	19780505		



AB Certain pentaerythritol diphosphonates (I, R = Me, Ph, benzyl, CN), containing ammonium polyphosphate (except for R = CN), give self-extinguishing.



RN 72551-88-3 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-naphthalenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 72551-89-4 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[(4-bromophenyl)methyl]-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 72561-29-6 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AN 1978:511298 CAPLUS Full-text

Correction of: 1975:565050

DN 89:111298

Correction of: 83:165050

TI Phosphonospirobisphenols as flame-resistant additives for resins

nondripping flame retardant compns. when added to polyolefins. Thus, polypropylene [9003-07-0] 70, dimethylpentaerythrityl diphosphonate [3001-98-7] 15, and ammonium polyphosphate 15 parts were extruded into cylindrical specimens which were exposed 10 s to a 3/4 in. blue flame. The samples did not ignite or melt drip.

IT 20544-37-0

RL: USES (Uses)

(flame retardants, containing ammonium polyphosphate, for polyolefins)

RN 20544-37-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 71325-90-9P 71325-82-1P 72551-87-2P

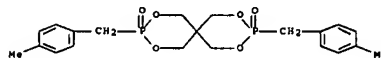
72551-88-3P 72551-89-4P 72561-29-6P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 71325-80-9 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[(4-methylphenyl)methyl]-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 71325-82-1 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)methyl]-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 72551-87-2 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IN Mueller, Albrecht; Renner, Alfred

PA Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.

SO Ger. Offen., 23 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2456532	A1	19750605	DE 1974-2456532	19741129
CH 562195	A5	19761130	CH 1973-16895	19731203
ES 432497	A1	19761101	ES 1974-432497	19741202
GB 1487609	A	19771005	GB 1974-52111	19741202
FR 2253024	A1	19750627	FR 1974-39479	19741203
JP 50084587	A	19750708	JP 1974-140105	19741203
CH 1973-16895	A	19731203		

AB The compds. I with R = 4 (or 2)-hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl (or dichloro)phenyl, 2-hydroxyphenyl, or 2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl were prepared. The compds. had good hydrolysis resistance and were useful as diglycidyl ethers, for preparing fire-resistant resins. Thus, 270 g (4-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylbenzyl)dimethylamine [42900-95-8] and 223 g trimethyl phosphite [121-45-9] in 1,4-dioxane were refluxed to prepare dimethyl (4-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylbenzyl)phosphonate [56733-62-1] which (48.8 g) was mixed with 13.6 g pentaerythritol [115-77-3] in sulfolane and heated at 250-280° to prepare I (R = 4-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl) (II) [56733-67-6]. A mixture of 99.2 g II, 1 L epichlorohydrin [106-89-8], and 4 g NEt<sub>4</sub>Br was heated to 90-100°, cooled to 80°, and treated during 1 h with 34 g NaOMe to prepare II diglycidyl ether [56733-68-7]. II and bisphenol A diglycidyl ether were used to prepare a nonburning resin.

IT 56733-67-6P

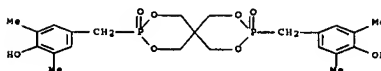
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, with epichlorohydrin)

RN 56733-67-6 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-[(3,9-dioxido-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-diyl)bis(methylene)]bis(2,6-dimethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 56733-56-3F 56733-57-4P 56733-58-8P

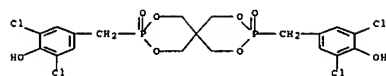
56733-59-6P 56733-60-7P 56778-54-2P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 56733-56-3 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-[(3,9-dioxido-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-diyl)bis(methylene)]bis(2,6-dichloro)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



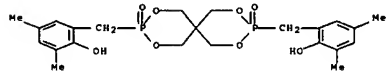
RN 56733-57-4 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(3,9-dioxido-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-diyl)bis(methylene)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



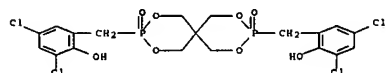
RN 56733-58-5 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(3,9-dioxido-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-diyl)bis(methylene)]bis[4,6-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 56733-59-6 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(3,9-dioxido-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-diyl)bis(methylene)]bis[4,6-dichloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 56733-68-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[(3,5-dimethyl-4-(oxiranylmethoxy)phenyl)methyl]-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

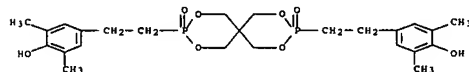
IT 53833-04-8 53833-06-0

RL: USES (Uses)

(antioxidant, for polypropylene, manufacture of)

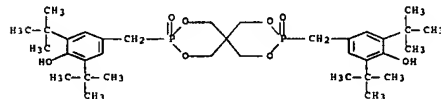
RN 53833-04-8 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-[(3,9-dioxido-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-diyl)bis(methylene)]bis[2,6-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 53833-06-0 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-[(3,9-dioxido-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-diyl)bis(methylene)]bis[2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



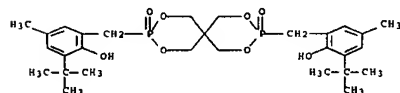
IT 55719-69-2

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

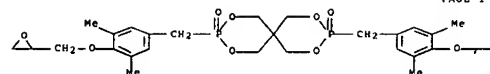
RN 55719-69-2 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(3,9-dioxido-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-diyl)bis(methylene)]bis[6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



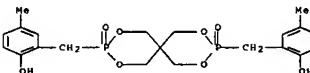
AN 1976:560318 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 85:160318



RN 56778-54-2 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[(3,9-dioxido-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-diyl)bis(methylene)]bis[4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 56778-54-2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS-ON-STM

DN 1977:90946 CAPLUS Full-text

CN 86:90946

TI Hindered phenol pentaerythritol phosphonate

IN Hechenbleikner, Ingenuin; Enlow, William P.

PA Borg-Warner Corp., USA

SO Brit., 8 pp.

CODEN: BRXXAA

DT Patent

LA English

FAN: CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 1439092	A	19760609	GB 1974-16786	19740417
PRAI GB 1974-16786	A	19740417		

AB Three title compds. were manufactured which were useful as antioxidants and fire retardants for polymers and rubbers. Thus, a mixture of 256 g 3,9-dimethoxy-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane [7093-29-0] in 1 l. PhMe and 509 g 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl chloride [955-01-1] in 500 ml heptane was heated 3 hr at 100-105°, distilling off MeCl, cooled, filtered, and washed with PhMe to give 90% 3,9-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)-3,9-dioxo-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane (I) [5-2-76-0]. Polypropylene [9003-07-0] powder was stabilized by blending with 0.5% I.

TI 2,3,5-Trialkyl-4-hydroxybenzyl phosphonates and phosphinates

IN Spivack, John D.

PA Ciba-Geigy Corp., USA

SO U.S., 11 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

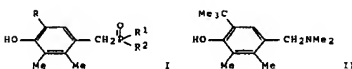
DT Patent

LA English

FAN: CNT 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3962377	A	19760608	US 1974-492089	19740726
ZA 7405384	A	19750827	ZA 1974-5384	19740821
BE 820259	A1	19750324	BE 1974-148819	19740924
FR 2244759	A1	19750418	FR 1974-32107	19740924
DK 7405021	A	19750602	DK 1974-5021	19740924
GB 1476994	A	19770616	GB 1974-41429	19740924
NL 7412670	A	19750327	NL 1974-12670	19740925
JP 50060481	A	19750524	JP 1974-110364	19740925
PRAI US 1973-400601	A2	19730925		

GI

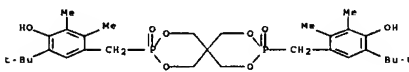


AB The title compds. I [R = Me3C, Me3CCH2CMe2; R1 = R2 = EtO, BuO, MeO, Me(CH2)11O, Me(CH2)17O, Me(CH2)17SCH2CH2O; R1 = Me(CH2)11O, R2 = Ph] were prepared. Thus, II was heated with (MeO)2POH in DMF at 60° approx. 20 hr to give I [R = Me3C, R1 = R2 = MeO]. I are stabilizers for polymers subject to oxidative, thermal and photochemical degradation.

IT 55719-69-2 CAPLUS  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

RN 55719-69-2 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-[(3,9-dioxido-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-diyl)bis(methylene)]bis[6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,3-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)]



ANSWER 55719-69-2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS-ON-STM  
AN 1975:565050 CAPLUS Full-text  
DN 83:165050

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below in EAST,  
etc pulls up internet  
document)

PAGE 1-B

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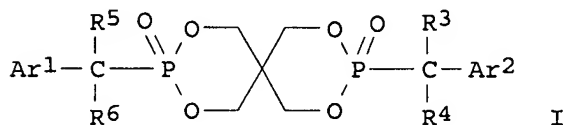
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SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 07:50:57 ON 06 SEP 2007

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L10 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2004:589556 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070906>>  
 DN 141:124582  
 TI Process for production of pentaerythritol diphosphonates  
 IN Tanabe, Seiichi; Yanagida, Takatsune; Imamura, Koichi; Tando, Kazushi;  
 Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 54 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004060900	A1	20040722	WO 2003-JP16754	20031225
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2003292814	A1	20040729	AU 2003-292814	20031225
	EP 1586576	A1	20051019	EP 2003-768243	20031225
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
	CN 1735625	A	20060215	CN 2003-80108221	20031225
	US 2006116526	A1	20060601	US 2005-541021	20050628 <--
PRAI	JP 2003-177	A	20030106		
	WO 2003-JP16754	W	20031225		
OS	MARPAT 141:124582				
GI					



AB A process for production of I (Ar1, Ar2 = aryl; R3-R6 = H, aryl, hydrocarbon group) useful as flame retardants comprises reacting PCl3 with pentaerythritol in the presence of an inert solvent to form pentaerythritol dichlorophosphite, reacting pentaerythritol dichlorophosphite with an aralkyl alc. to form a pentaerythritol diposphite halide, and heat-treating pentaerythritol diposphite halide at 80-300°. Thus, I (Ar1, Ar2 = Ph; R3-R6 = H) with high purity was prepared in high yield.



=> d his

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:20:34 ON 06 SEP 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:20:43 ON 06 SEP 2007

FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 16:20:54 ON 06 SEP 2007
L1      STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L2      0 S L1
L3      0 S L1 SSS FULL

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:21:30 ON 06 SEP 2007

FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 16:23:12 ON 06 SEP 2007
L4      STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L5      0 S L4
L6      STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L7      22 S L6

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:25:46 ON 06 SEP 2007

FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 16:27:42 ON 06 SEP 2007
L8      STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L9      20 S L8

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:28:10 ON 06 SEP 2007

FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 16:30:50 ON 06 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:31:05 ON 06 SEP 2007

FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 16:32:16 ON 06 SEP 2007
L10     STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L11     12 S L10

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:32:53 ON 06 SEP 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:35:59 ON 06 SEP 2007

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:36:01 ON 06 SEP 2007
L12     STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L13     5 S L12
L14     STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L15     5 S L14
L16     53 S L14 SSS FULL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:37:11 ON 06 SEP 2007
L17     175 S L16
L18     143 S L17 AND PREP/RL

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:37:27 ON 06 SEP 2007

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:39:43 ON 06 SEP 2007
L19     STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L20     3 S L19
L21     46 S L19 SSS FULL

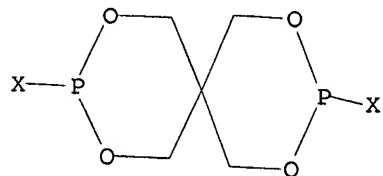
FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:40:04 ON 06 SEP 2007
L22     101 S L21
L23     71 S L22 AND PREP/RL
L24     25 S L18 AND L23

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:40:35 ON 06 SEP 2007
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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:41:03 ON 06 SEP 2007  
L25 2 S US200!-541021/APPS  
L26 24 S L24 NOT L25

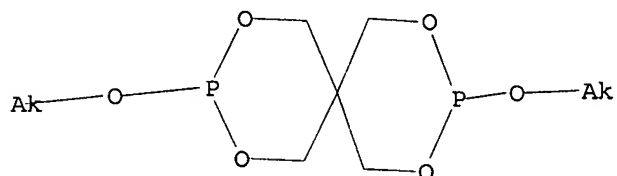
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L14 HAS NO ANSWERS  
L14 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

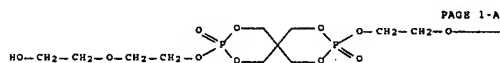
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L19 HAS NO ANSWERS  
L19 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

126 ANSWER 1 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 JACS ON STN

AN 2006:1178153 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 146:101607  
 TI A novel flame retardant of spirocyclic pentaerythritol bisphosphorate for epoxy resins  
 AU Chen, Gui-Hong; Yang, Bing; Wang, Yu-Zhong  
 CS Center for Degradable and Flame-Retardant Polymeric Materials, College of Chemistry, Sichuan University, Chengdu, 610064, Peop. Rep. China  
 SO Journal of Applied Polymer Science 102(5), 4978-4982  
 CODEN: JAPNAB; ISSN: 0021-8995  
 PB John Wiley & Sons, Inc.  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 AB A novel flame retardant for epoxy resins, bisdiglycol spirocyclic pentaerythritol bisphosphorate (BDSBPB) was prepared from the reaction of diethylene glycol with spirocyclic pentaerythritol bisphosphorate diphosphoryl chloride, which was obtained from the reaction of phosphoryl chloride with pentaerythritol. Flammability of the cured epoxy resin systems consisted of diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A (DGEBA), low-mol.-weight polyamide and BDSBPB are investigated by vertical burning test (UL-94) and limiting oxygen index test (LOI). The results indicate that BDSBPB has good flame retardance on epoxy. The thermogravimetric anal. (TGA) shows that the epoxy resin containing BDSBPB has a high yield of residual char at high temps., indicating that BDSBPB is an effective charring agent. From the SEM observations of the residues of the flame retardant systems burned, the compact charred layers can be seen, which form protective shields to protect effectively internal structure, and inhibit the transmission of heat and heat diffusion during contacting fire.  
 IT 714-87-4  
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of flame retardant spirocyclic pentaerythritol bisphosphorate for epoxy resins)  
 RN 917497-86-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Ethanol, 2,2'-[3,9-dioxido-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-diyl]bis(oxy-2,1-ethanediyl)bis- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 714-87-4  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of flame retardant spirocyclic pentaerythritol bisphosphorate)

diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of pentaerythritol diphosphites and diphosphonates)  
 RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7093-28-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-75-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



126 ANSWER 1 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 JACS ON STN

AN 2004:452956 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 141:7281  
 TI Preparation of pentaerythritol bis(phosphite)s  
 IN Yanagida, Takatsune; Ando, Shinichi; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seiichi; Tando, Kazuishi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 29 pp.  
 CODEN: JKKXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1  
 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
 PI JP 2004149443 A 20040529 JP 2002-315548 20021030  
 PRAI JP 2002-315548 20021030  
 OS CASREACT 141:7281; MARPAT 141:7281  
 GI

for epoxy resins)  
 RN 714-87-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

126 ANSWER 2 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 JACS ON STN

AN 2004:489688 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 141:38738  
 TI Preparation of pentaerythritol diphosphites and diphosphonates  
 IN Yanagida, Takatsune; Ando, Shinichi; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seiichi; Tando, Kazuishi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 26 pp.  
 CODEN: JKKXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1  
 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
 PI JP 2004168687 A 20040617 JP 2002-334943 20021119  
 PRAI JP 2002-334943 20021119  
 OS MARPAT 141:38738  
 GI



AB The diphosphites I [X1, X2 = OZAr; Ar = C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; Z = (un)substituted CH2, C2H4], useful as fireproofing agents, nucleating agents, plasticizers, antioxidants, etc. (no data), were prepared by reaction of pentaerythritol with PCl3 in inert solvents and reaction of the resulted solns. or suspensions of I (X1 = X2 = Cl) with Ar2O (Ar, Z = same as above) while bubbling inert gases. Pentaerythritol diphosphonates are prepared from the diphosphites by UV irradiation or heating in the presence of halogen comds. Pentaerythritol was treated with PCl3 in PhMe in the presence of pyridine and treated with benzyl alc. while bubbling N at room temperature for 60 min to give 90.1% I (X1 = X2 = OCH2Ph).  
 IT 3643-70-7P, Pentaerythritol dichlorophosphite 7093-28-9P, 3,9-Bis(benzyloxy-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 475101-75-8P, 3,9-Bis(2-phenylethoxy)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-

IT 3643-70-7P, Pentaerythritol dichlorophosphite 7093-28-9P, 3,9-Bis(benzyloxy-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 475101-75-8P, 3,9-Bis(2-phenylethoxy)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-



AB The title compds. I [X = OZAr; Z = (un)substituted CH2, (un)substituted C2H4; Ar = (un)substituted C6-20 aryl], useful as fireproofing agents, nucleating agents, plasticizers, antioxidants, etc., are prepared by reaction of PCl3 with pentaerythritol in inert solvents, heating the resulting solns. or suspensions of I (X = Cl) at 40-120°, and successive treatment with Ar2OM (Ar, Z = same as I, M = alkali metal). Preparation of pentaerythritol bis(phosphonate)s from title compds. is also claimed. E.g., a suspension of I (X = Cl) in PhMe was treated with PhCH2ONa at room temperature for 60 min to give 98.9% I (X = OCH2Ph).  
 IT 2543-70-7P 7093-28-9P 475101-75-8P, 3,9-Bis[(2-phenylethoxy)oxy]-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of pentaerythritol bis(phosphite)s via condensation of bis(chlorophosphite)s with alkyl alc. alkali metal salts)

RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7093-28-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-75-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L26 ANSWER 4 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004-266624 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:303859  
 TI Preparation of spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphites  
 IN Tando, Kazushi; Ando, Shinichi; Imamura, Koichi; Tanabe, Seichi;  
 Yanagida, Takatsune; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent  
 LA Japanese

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004099567	A	20040402	JP 2002-266624	20020912
JP 2002-266624		20020912		

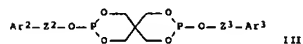
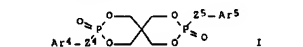
OS MARPAT 140:303859  
 GI



AB Title spiro compds. I [X1 = Ar2Z2O; X2 = Ar3Z3O; Ar2, Ar3 = C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; Z2, Z3 = CR7R8, CR9R10CR11R12; R7, R8 = H, C6-20 (un)substituted aryl, C1-20 (un)saturated hydrocarbyl; R9-R12 = similar group as in R7, R8] are prepared by treatment of I (X1 = X2 = Cl) with Ar1Z1OH (Ar1 = C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; Z1 = similar group as in Z2 and Z3) in the presence of organic bases as HCl scavengers, filtering the reaction mixts. to remove the generated salts, and washing the filtrates with aqueous alkalis. After washing, the alkali wastes are reused for washing the products. Thus, I (X1 = X2 = Cl) was treated with PhCH2OH and pyridine in MePh, filtered, and the filtrate washed with aqueous NaOH to give 93% I (X1 = X2 = PhCH2O) with 96% purity. The aqueous NaOH waste was recovered and used again for washing another filtrate to give the product with same purity.

IT 7093-28-9P  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (Preparation of spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphites, their purification by aqueous

alkalies, and reusing the alkali wastes)  
 RN 7093-28-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethoxy)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



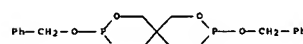
AB Title compds. I [Ar4, Ar5 = C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; Z4, Z5 = CR14R15, CR16R17CR18R19; R14, R15 = H, C6-20 (un)substituted aryl, C1-20 (un)saturated hydrocarbyl; R16-R19 = similar group as in R14, R15], useful for fireproofing agents, etc., are prepared by chlorination of pentaerythritol (II) with PCl3 in the presence of inert solvents, successive treatment with Ar1Z1OH (Ar1 = C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; Z1 = similar group as in Z4, Z5) in the presence of organic bases, removal of the bases, their salts, and the solvents, and treatment of the resulting spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphites III (Ar2, Ar3 = similar group as in Ar1; Z2, Z3 = similar group as in Z1) with R13X (R13 = alkali metal, C1-20 alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, etc.; X = Br, iodine) at 80-300°. The removed solvents are recovered and reused in the above process. Thus, II was chlorinated with PCl3 in pyridine and xylene, condensed with PhCH2OH, filtered, the filtrate washed with 1N NaOH, the organic phase evaporated, and refluxed with PhCH2Br to give 89% I (Ar4Z4 = Ar5Z5 = PhCH2) with 99% purity. II was similarly reacted in recovered solvent to give the product without decline in yield or purity.

IT 3643-70-7P, 3,9-Dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 7093-28-9P  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (Preparation of spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphonates from pentaerythritol using recycled solvents)

RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7093-28-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethoxy)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 3643-70-7P, 3,9-Dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (Preparation of spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphites, their purification by aqueous

alkalies, and reusing the alkali wastes)  
 RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



L26 ANSWER 5 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004-266555 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:304655  
 TI Preparation of spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphonates using recycled solvents  
 IN Tanabe, Seichi; Ando, Shinichi; Imamura, Koichi; Tando, Kazushi;  
 Yanagida, Takatsune; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 28 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent  
 LA Japanese

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004099566	A	20040402	JP 2002-266623	20020912
JP 2002-266623		20020912		

OS MARPAT 140:303854  
 GI

L26 ANSWER 6 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004-268556 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:303854  
 TI Preparation of spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphites in presence of recyclable hydrogen chloride scavengers  
 IN Tando, Kazushi; Tanabe, Seichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent  
 LA Japanese

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004099500	A	20040402	JP 2002-262497	20020909
JP 2002-262497		20020909		

OS CASREACT 140:303854; MARPAT 140:303854  
 GI



AB Title spiro compds. I [X1 = Ar2Z2O; X2 = Ar3Z3O; Ar2, Ar3 = C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; Z2, Z3 = CR7R8, CR9R10CR11R12; R7, R8 = H, C6-20 (un)substituted aryl, C1-20 (un)saturated hydrocarbyl; R9-R12 = similar group as in R7, R8] are prepared by treatment of I (X1 = X2 = Cl) with Ar1Z1OH (Ar1 = C6-20 (un)substituted aryl; Z1 = similar group as in Z2 and Z3) in the presence of organic bases with water solubility >1 weight% at 20° and 1 atom as HCl scavengers. Thus, I (X1 = X2 = Cl) was treated with PhCH2OH and PhNMe2 in MePh at 20° for 30 min to give 93% I (X1 = X2 = PhCH2O) and to recover 96% PhNMe2.

IT 7093-28-9P  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (Preparation of spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphites in presence of water-insol. tertiary amines as recyclable HCl scavengers)

RN 7093-28-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethoxy)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 3643-70-7P, 3,9-Dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of spiro-pentaerythritol diphosphites in presence of water-insol. tertiary amines as recyclable HCl scavengers)  
 RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)

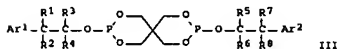
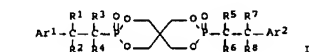


126 ANSWER 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

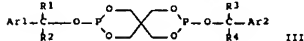
AN 2004:217191 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:253718  
 TI Preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates without purification of intermediates  
 IN Tanabe, Seichi; Yanagida, Takatsune; Tando, Kazushi; Imamura, Koichi; Ando, Shinichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1  

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004083538	A	20040309	JP 2002-263848	20020910
PRAI JP 2002-194712	A	20020703		
OS CASREACT 140:253718; MARPAT 140:253718				

 GI



AB The diphosphonates I (Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl, R1-R8 = H, C6-20 aryl, C7-30 alkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl), useful as polymer fireproofing agents, are prepared by treatment of pentaerythritol (II) with PCl3 in nonreactive solvents, treatment of the reaction mixts. with ArCR1R2Cr3/R4OH (Ar = C6-20 aryl, R1-R4 = same as above) in the presence of organic bases, removal of the organic bases and their salts from the reaction mixts. containing diphosphites III (Ar1, Ar2, R1-R8 = same as above), and heating the reaction mixts. in the



AB The title bis(phosphonate)s I (Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl, R1-R4 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl), useful as polymer fireproofing agents, are prepared by treatment of pentaerythritol (II) with PCl3 in nonreactive solvents, treatment of the reaction mixts. with ArCR1R2OH (Ar = C6-20 aryl, R1, R2 = same as above) in the presence of organic bases, removal of the organic bases and their salts from the reaction mixts. containing diphosphites III (Ar1, Ar2, R1-R4 = same as above), and heating the reaction mixts. in the presence of RX (R = alkali metal, C1-20 alkyl, aralkyl, etc.; X = Br, iodide) at 80-300°. Thus, II was sequentially treated with PCl3 in xylene and with PhCH2OH in the presence of pyridine, filtered, and the filtrate was washed with aqueous NaOH solution and then heated in the presence of PhCH2Br at 130° to give 90.6% I (R1-R4 = H, Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph) with purity 99.1%  
 IT 3643-70-7, 3,9-Dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 7093-28-9P  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s polymer fireproofing agents without purification of intermediates)

RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7093-28-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



126 ANSWER 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:97533 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:146290

presence of RX (R = alkali metal, C1-20 alkyl, aralkyl, etc.; X = Br, iodide) at 80-300°. Thus, II was treated with PCl3 in o-dichlorobenzene, treated with PhCH2CH2OH in the presence of pyridine, filtered, and the filtrate was washed with aqueous NaOH solution and heated in the presence of PhCH2CH2Br at 130° to give 90.3% I (R1-R8 = H, Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph) with purity 99.3%  
 IT 3643-70-7P, 3,9-Dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 475101-75-8P, 3,9-Bis[(2-phenylethoxy)oxy]-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphonates as polymer fireproofing agents without purification of intermediates)  
 RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 475101-75-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



126 ANSWER 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:217190 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:253717  
 TI Preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphonate)s without purification of intermediates  
 IN Tanabe, Seichi; Yanagida, Takatsune; Tando, Kazushi; Imamura, Koichi; Ando, Shinichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 24 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1  

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004083537	A	20040309	JP 2002-263847	20020910
PRAI JP 2002-194711	A	20020703		
OS CASREACT 140:253717; MARPAT 140:253717				

 GI

TI Environmentally friendly preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites from their corresponding dichlorophosphite  
 IN Tando, Kazushi; Tanabe, Seichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1  

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004035465	A	20040206	JP 2002-194713	20020703
PRAI JP 2002-194713		20020703		
OS CASREACT 140:146290; MARPAT 140:146290				

 GI



AB The title diphosphites I (X = OCR1R2Ar1; Y = OCR3R4Ar2; Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R4 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) are prepared by treatment of I (X, Y = Cl) with ArCR1R2OH (Ar = C6-20 aryl; R1, R2 = same as above) in the presence of organic bases as HCl scavengers, filtration of the resulting organic HCl salts, and washing of the filtrates with alkaline solns., wherein organic bases are recovered from the resulting alkaline waste solns. Thus, pentaerythritol was treated with PCl3 in the presence of NEt3 and substituted with PhCH2OH in the presence of NEt3 to give 95% I (X = Y = OCH2Ph), which was filtered and the filtrate was washed with 1 N aqueous NaOH solution and water. NaOH pellets were added to the waste aqueous NaOH solution, filtered, and distilled to recover 95% NEt3 with purity of 95%  
 IT 7093-28-9P  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (recovery of organic base HCl scavengers from waste alkaline solns. in environmentally friendly preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphite by substitution of the corresponding bis(chlorophosphite) with aralkyl alcoh.)

RN 7093-28-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 3643-70-7P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(recovery of organic base HCl scavengers from waste alkaline solns. in environmentally friendly preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphite by substitution of the corresponding bis(chlorophosphite) with aralkyl alcs.)

RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



~~CL26-TRANSWER-10-OF-24-CAPLUS-COPYRIGHT-2007-ACS-on-8TH~~

AN 2004:79255 CAPLUS Full-text  
DN 140:146289  
TI Environmentally friendly preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites from their corresponding dichlorophosphite  
IN Tando, Kazushi; Tanabe, Seiichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1  
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
P1 JP 2004035468 A 20040326 CA JP 2002-194716 20020703  
PRA1 JP 2002-194716 20020703  
OS CASREACT 140:146289; MARPAT 140:146289  
GI



AB The title diphosphites I (X = OCR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub>CR<sub>1</sub>Ar<sub>2</sub>; Y = OCR<sub>5</sub>R<sub>6</sub>CR<sub>7</sub>R<sub>8</sub>Ar<sub>2</sub>; Ar<sub>1</sub>, Ar<sub>2</sub> = C<sub>6</sub>-20 aryl, R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> = H, C<sub>6</sub>-20 aryl, C<sub>7</sub>-10 aralkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-20 hydrocarbyl) are prepared by treatment of I (X, Y = Cl) with ArCR<sub>1</sub>R<sub>2</sub>CR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub>OH (Ar = C<sub>6</sub>-20 aryl; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> = same as above) in the presence of organic bases as HCl scavengers, filtration of the resulting organic HCl salts, and washing of the filtrates with alkaline solns., wherein organic bases are recovered from the resulting alkaline waste solns. Thus, pentaerythritol was treated with PCl<sub>3</sub> in the presence of NET<sub>3</sub> and substituted with PhCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH in the presence of NET<sub>3</sub> to give 95% I (X = Y = OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), which was filtered and the filtrate was washed with 1 N aqueous NaOH solution and water. NaOH pellets were added to the



AB The title diphosphites I (X = OCR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub>Ar<sub>1</sub>; Y = OCR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub>Ar<sub>2</sub>; Ar<sub>1</sub>, Ar<sub>2</sub> = C<sub>6</sub>-20 aryl; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> = H, C<sub>6</sub>-20 aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-20 hydrocarbyl) are prepared by heating solns. or suspensions of I (X, Y = Cl) with ArCR<sub>1</sub>R<sub>2</sub>CR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub>OH (Ar = C<sub>6</sub>-20 aryl; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> = same as above) in the presence of organic bases as HCl scavengers. Thus, 20.1 mmol pentaerythritol (Pentairit S) was treated with 41.8 mmol PCl<sub>3</sub> in the presence of 1.0 mmol pyridine in toluene under a N atmosphere to give a suspension, which was heated at 80°, cooled, treated with 40.3 mmol PhCH<sub>2</sub>OH in the presence of 42.5 mmol pyridine to give I (X = Y = OCH<sub>2</sub>Ph) with selectivity 93.5%.

IT 7033-18-54, 3,9-Bis(phenylmethoxy)oxyl-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 647807-03-2P, 3,9-Bis(1-phenylethoxy)oxyl-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PRFP  
(Preparation)  
(Preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites by heating solns. or suspensions of the corresponding dichloride under an inert atmospheric substitution with aralkyl alcs. in the presence of organic base HCl scavengers)

RN 7093-28-9 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 647807-03-2 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 3643-70-7P, 3,9-Dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PRFP

waste aqueous NaOH solution, filtered, and distilled to recover 95% NET<sub>3</sub> with purity of 95%.

IT 475101-75-8P  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PRFP  
(Preparation)  
(recovery of organic base HCl scavengers from waste alkaline solns. in environmentally friendly preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphite by substitution of the corresponding bis(chlorophosphite) with aralkyl alcs.)  
RN 475101-75-8 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 3643-70-7P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PRFP  
(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(recovery of organic base HCl scavengers from waste alkaline solns. in environmentally friendly preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphite by substitution of the corresponding bis(chlorophosphite) with aralkyl alcs.)  
RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



~~CL26-TRANSWER-11-OF-24-CAPLUS-COPYRIGHT-2007-ACS-on-8TH~~

AN 2004:57504 CAPLUS Full-text  
DN 140:111531  
TI Preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites without isolation of dichloride intermediate  
IN Tando, Kazushi; Tanabe, Seiichi; Yanagida, Takatsune; Taketani, Yutaka  
PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1  
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
P1 JP 2004018406 A 20040612 JP 2002-172653 20020613  
PRA1 JP 2002-172653 20020613  
OS CASREACT 140:111531; MARPAT 140:111531  
GI

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(Preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites by heating solns. or suspensions of the corresponding dichloride under an inert atmospheric substitution with aralkyl alcs. in the presence of organic base HCl scavengers)

RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



~~CL26-TRANSWER-12-OF-24-CAPLUS-COPYRIGHT-2007-ACS-on-8TH~~

AN 2004:57503 CAPLUS Full-text  
DN 140:111530  
TI Preparation of storage-stable and high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphite)s  
IN Yanagida, Takatsune; Tanabe, Seiichi; Tando, Kazushi; Taketani, Yutaka  
PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1  
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
P1 JP 2004018388 A 20040612 JP 2002-171214 20020612  
PRA1 JP 2002-171214 20020612  
OS CASREACT 140:111530; MARPAT 140:111530  
GI

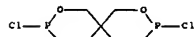


AB The title bis(phosphite)s I (X = OCR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub>Ar<sub>1</sub>; Y = OCR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub>Ar<sub>2</sub>; Ar<sub>1</sub>, Ar<sub>2</sub> = C<sub>6</sub>-20 aryl; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> = H, C<sub>6</sub>-20 aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-20 hydrocarbyl) are prepared by substitution of I (X, Y = Cl) with ArCR<sub>1</sub>R<sub>2</sub>OH (Ar = C<sub>6</sub>-20 aryl; R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> = same as above) in the presence of organic bases as HCl scavengers from -20 to 100° at normal pressure under an inert atmosphere. Thus, I (X = Y = Cl) was treated with 200 mol% PhCH<sub>2</sub>OH in the presence of 200 mol% pyridine in toluene under a dry N atmosphere and filtered to remove pyridine-HCl salt, and the filtrate was washed with 0.5 N NaOH solution and water, dried, and concentrated to give 95% I (X = Y = OCH<sub>2</sub>Ph) with purity 95% and purity retention 100% after storage under dry N for 2 wk.

IT 7093-28-9P  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphite)s by substitution of the corresponding dichloride with aralkyl alcs. in the presence of organic base HCl scavengers under an inert atmospheric)  
 RN 7093-28-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethoxy)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 3643-70-7P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphite)s by substitution of the corresponding dichloride with aralkyl alcs. in the presence of organic base HCl scavengers under an inert atmospheric)  
 RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)

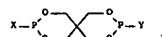


~~6267 ANSWER 15 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN~~

AN 2004:55607 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:111529  
 TI Preparation of storage-stable and high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites without isolation of dichloride intermediate  
 IN Yanagida, Takatsune; Tanabe, Seiichi; Tando, Kazushi; Imamura, Koichi; Ando, Shinichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1  

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018410	A	20040523	JP 2002-172657	20020613
PRAI JP 2002-172657		20020613		
OS CASREACT 140:111529; MARPAT 140:111529				

 GI



AB The title diphosphites I (X = OCR3R4CR1R2Ar1; Y = OCR5R6CR7R8Ar2; Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R8 = H, C6-20 aryl, C7-30 aralkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) are prepared by heating solns. or suspensions of I (X, Y = Cl; manufactured from pentaerythritol and PCl3) at 40-120° under an inert atmospheric, followed by treatment with ArCR1R2CR3R4OH (Ar = C6-20 aryl; R1, R2 = same as above) in the presence of organic bases as HCl scavengers from -20 to 100° in inert atmospheric. Thus, 200.5 mmol pentaerythritol was treated with 417.6 mmol PCl3 in the presence of 9.9 mmol pyridine (II) in toluene under a N atmospheric to give a suspension, which was heated at 80°, cooled, treated with 401.1 mmol Ph(CH2)2OH in the presence of 425.4 mmol II at 20°, and filtered to remove II-HCl salt, and the filtrate was washed with 0.5 N NaOH solution and water, dried, and condensed to give 94% I (X = Y = O(CH2)2Ph) with purity 97% and purity retention 100% after storage in dry N for 2 wk.  
 IT 475101-75-8P, 3,9-Bis[(2-phenylethyl)oxy]-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites by heating solns. or suspensions of the corresponding dichloride under an inert atmospheric and substitution with aralkyl alcs. in the presence of organic base HCl scavengers)  
 RN 475101-75-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethoxy)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 3643-70-7P, 3,9-Dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites by heating solns. or suspensions of the corresponding dichloride under an inert atmospheric and substitution with aralkyl alcs. in the presence of organic base HCl scavengers)  
 RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



~~6267 ANSWER 15 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN~~

AN 2004:55606 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:111528  
 TI Preparation of storage-stable and high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphite)s  
 IN Tando, Kazushi; Tanabe, Seiichi; Imamura, Koichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1  

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018405	A	20040523	JP 2002-172652	20020613
PRAI JP 2002-172652		20020613		
OS CASREACT 140:111528; MARPAT 140:111528				

 GI



AB The title bis(phosphite)s I (X = OCR3R4CR1R2Ar1; Y = OCR5R6CR7R8Ar2; Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R8 = H, C6-20 aryl, C7-30 aralkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) are prepared by substitution of I (X, Y = Cl) with ArCR1R2CR3R4OH (Ar = C6-20 aryl; R1-R4 = same as above) in the presence of organic bases as HCl scavengers from -20 to 100° at normal pressure under an inert atmospheric. Thus, I (X = Y = Cl) was treated with 200 mol% PhCH2CH2OH in the presence of 200 mol% pyridine in toluene under dry N atmospheric and filtered to remove pyridine-HCl salt, and the filtrate was washed with 0.5 N NaOH solution and water, dried, and concentrated to give 95% I (X = Y = O(CH2)2Ph) with purity 94% and purity retention 100% after storage in dry N for 2 wk.  
 IT 475101-75-8P  
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphite)s by substitution of the corresponding dichloride with aralkyl alcs. in the presence of organic base HCl scavengers under an inert atmospheric)  
 RN 475101-75-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethoxy)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 3643-70-7P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic bis(phosphite)s by substitution of the corresponding dichloride with aralkyl alcs. in the presence of organic base HCl scavengers under an inert atmospheric)  
 RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



~~6267 ANSWER 15 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN~~

AN 2004:52790 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DN 140:111525  
 TI Preparation of high-purity and storage-stable pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites without isolation of dichloride intermediate  
 IN Tanabe, Seiichi; Yanagida, Takatsune; Tando, Kazushi; Imamura, Koichi; Ando, Shinichi; Taketani, Yutaka  
 PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1  

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004018409	A	20040523	JP 2002-172656	20020613
PRAI JP 2002-172656		20020613		
OS CASREACT 140:111525; MARPAT 140:111525				

 GI



AB The title diphosphites I (X = OCR1R2Ar1; Y = OCR3R4Ar2; Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R4 = H, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) are prepared by heating solns. or suspensions of I (X, Y = Cl; manufactured from pentaerythritol and PCl3) at 40-120° under an inert atmospheric, followed by treatment with ArCR1R2OH (Ar =

C6-20 aryl; R1, R2 = same as above) in the presence of organic bases as HCl scavengers from -20 to 100° under inert atmospheric. Thus, 201. mmol pentaerythritol was treated with 415.2 mmol PCl3 in the presence of 10.0 mmol pyridine (II) in toluene under a N atmospheric to give a suspension, which was heated at 60°, cooled, treated with 401.0 mmol PhCH2OH in the presence of 425.5 mmol II at 15-20°, and filtered to remove II-HCl salt, and the filtrate was washed with 0.5 N NaOH solution and water, dried, and condensed to give 95% I (X = Y OCH2Ph) with purity 97% and purity retention 100% after storage in dry N for 2 wk.

IT 7093-28-9P, 3,9-Bis[(phenylmethyl)oxy]-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 647307-03-21, 3,9-Bis[(1-phenylethyl)oxy]-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane R1: IMP (Industrial manufacture); R2: PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); (preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites by heating solns. or suspensions of the corresponding dichloride under an inert atmospheric

and substitution with aralkyl alcs. in the presence of organic base HCl scavengers)

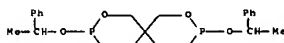
RN 7093-28-9 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 647807-03-2 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(1-phenylethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 3643-70-7P, 3,9-Dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites by heating solns. or suspensions of the corresponding dichloride under an inert atmospheric

and substitution with aralkyl alcs. in the presence of organic base HCl scavengers)

RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)

(preparation of dichlorotetraoxadiphosphaspiroundecane having good stability as intermediate for phosphite antioxidants by treatment of PCl3 with pentaerythritol and then heating)

RN 7093-28-9 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L26 ANSWER 17 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:52788 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:111523

TI Preparation of high-purity pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites without isolation of dichloride intermediate

IN Yanagida, Takatsune; Tanabe, Seichi; Tando, Kazushi; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAP

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2004018407	A	20040123	JP 2002-172654	20020613
PRAI JP 2002-172654		20020613		
OS CASREACT 140:111523; MARPAT 140:111523				



AB The title diphosphites I (X = OCR3R4CR1R2Ar1; Y = OCR5R6CR7R8Ar2; Ar1, Ar2 = C6-20 aryl; R1-R8 = H, C6-20 aryl, C7-20 aralkyl, C1-20 hydrocarbyl) are prepared by heating solns. or suspensions of I (X, Y = Cl; manufactured from pentaerythritol and PCl3) at 40-120° under an inert atmospheric, followed by treatment with ArCR1R2CR3R4OH (Ar = C6-20 aryl; R1-R4 = same as above) in the presence of organic bases as HCl scavengers. Thus, 40.1 mmol pentaerythritol (Pentacit 9) was treated with 91.5 mmol PCl3 in the presence of 2.0 mmol pyridine in toluene under a N atmospheric to give a suspension, which was heated at 80°, cooled, treated with 80.2 mmol PhCH2CH2OH in the presence of 85.1 mmol pyridine to give I (X = Y = OCH2CH2Ph) with selectivity 93.0%.

IT 475101-75-2P, 3,9-Bis[(2-phenylethyl)oxy]-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane



L26 ANSWER 16 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:52789 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:111524

TI Preparation of 3,9-dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane having good stability as intermediate for phosphite antioxidant for resins

IN Tando, Kazushi; Tanabe, Seichi; Taketani, Yutaka

PA Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAP

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2004018408	A	20040022	JP 2002-172655	20020613
PRAI JP 2002-172655		20020613		
OS CASREACT 140:111524				

AB 3,9-Dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane (I) is prepared by treatment of PCl3 (II) with pentaerythritol (III) in organic solvents, heating the resulting solns. or suspensions at 40-120° under an inert atmospheric without isolation of I, and cooling. Thus, 42.0 mmol II was treated with 20.2 mmol III (Pentacit 9) in the presence of pyridine in toluene under N, heated at 60°, and cooled to give a suspension containing I with selectivity 96.5%. Then, pyridine and PhCH2OH were added to the suspension to give 3,9-bis(phenylmethoxy)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane with selectivity 94.3%.

IT 3643-70-7P, 3,9-Dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of dichlorotetraoxadiphosphaspiroundecane having good stability as intermediate for phosphite antioxidants by treatment of PCl3 with pentaerythritol and then heating)

RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 7093-28-9P, 3,9-Bis(phenylmethoxy)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); (preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites by heating solns. or suspensions of the corresponding dichloride under an inert atmospheric

and substitution with aralkyl alcs. in the presence of organic base HCl scavengers)

RN 475101-75-8 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-phenylethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 3643-70-7P, 3,9-Dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of pentaerythritol spirocyclic diphosphites by heating solns. or suspensions of the corresponding dichloride under an inert atmospheric

and substitution with aralkyl alcs. in the presence of organic base HCl scavengers)

RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



L26 ANSWER 18 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1994:657137 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 121:257137

TI Carbonylate-substituted 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane stabilizers

IN Babiarz, Joseph E.; Pastor, Stephen D.

PA Ciba-Geigy Corp., USA

SO U.S., 10 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 5310891	A	19940510	US 1992-918326	19920722
PRAI US 1992-918326		19920722		
OS MARPAT 121:257137				





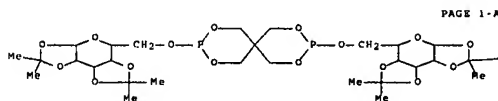
AB The stabilizers have the structure I (Q = carbohydrate residue). A solution of 3,9-dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane in PHE was treated dropwise with 1,2,5,6-di-O-isopropylidene-D-glucose and Et<sub>3</sub>N to give a 1. Profax 6501 containing Ca stearate 0.075, pentaerythritol tetrakis(2,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate) 0.075, and the I 0.075% showed melt flow rate 2.5 (4.3) g/10 min after 1 (5) extrusion cycles at 274° with 90 s residence time, compared with 4.4 (10.7) g/10 min when the I was omitted.

IT 15860A-45-EP

RL: PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, as heat stabilizer for polypropylene)

RN 15860A-45-EP CAPLUS

CN α-D-Galactopyranose, 6,6'-O-(2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-diyl)bis[1,2,3,4-bis-O-(1-methylethylidene)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



PAGE 1-A

— Me

IT 3643-70-7, 3,9-Dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reaction of, with carbohydrates)

RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



15860A-45-EP CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1986:498557 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 105:98557

TI Derivatives of alkyl-substituted 4-hydroxy-methylpiperidine and their use as stabilizers

IN DiBattista, Piero; Nucida, Gilberto

PA Ausimont S.p.A., Italy

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 51 pp.

CODEN: EPXDXW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 163245	A2	19851204	EP 1985-106231	19850521
EP 163245	A3	19861105		
EP 163245	B1	19910731		
R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, LI, NL				
CA 1264743	A1	19900123	CA 1985-481955	19850521
JP 61056164	A	19860320	JP 1985-108488	19850522
US 4772708	A	19880920	US 1987-28039	19870320
PRAI IT 1984-21034	A	19840522		
US 1985-736328	A1	19850521		

OS MARPAT 105:98557

AB Alkyl-substituted hydroxymethylpiperidine deriva. are useful as heat, light, and oxidation stabilizers for plastics. Thus, 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-hydroxymethyl piperidine, prepared by hydrogenation of 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidyl-4-spirooxirane, was transesterified with Me adipate, giving bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-methylpiperidine adipate (I). Polypropylene, stabilized by 0.5% I, had embrittlement time 3800 h. vs. 100 without I.

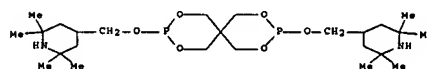
IT 103929-44-EP

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, as stabilizer for polymers)

RN 103929-44-5 CAPLUS

CN Piperidine, 4,4'-[2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-diylbis(oxyethylene)]bis[2,2,6,6-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 3643-70-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, with hydroxymethylpiperidine compds.)

RN 3643-70-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



15860A-45-EP CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1979:7681 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 90:7681

TI Intumescent fire retardant compositions containing pentaerythritol cyclic diphosphates

IN Albright, James A.

PA Velsicol Chemical Corp., USA

SO U.S., 6 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 3,978,167.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 4

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4099975	A	19780711	US 1976-650282	19760119
US 3978167	A	19760831	US 1975-616935	19750926
PRAI US 1974-429607	A2	19740102		
US 1975-616935	A2	19750926		

GI



AB Pentaerythritol cyclic diphosphates (I, R = haloalkoxy, diethylamino) were prepared as intumescent agents for coatings. Thus, 30 g diethylamine [109-89-7] in 50 mL C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> was added to 29.7 g 3,9-dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-dioxide [714-27-4] in 250 mL C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, refluxed 3 h and worked up to give 3,9-bis(N,N-diethylamino)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-dioxide (I, R = diethylamino) [61090-87-7] m. 189.5-190.5°. An intumescent paint was prepared by mixing com. semi-gloss latex paint 75, chlorinated paraffin wax 5, I (R = diethylamino) 75 and water 10 g.

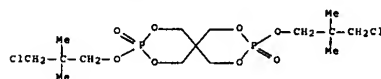
IT 617599-88-A

RL: USES (Uses)

(intumescent agents, for coatings)

RN 61090-88-B CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(3-chloro-2,2-dimethylpropoxy)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 714-87-4

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, with dibromopropanol or diethylamine)

RN 714-87-4 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



15860A-45-EP CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1977:17625 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 86:17625

TI Pentaerythritol cyclic diphosphates and diphosphoramidates

IN Albright, James A.

PA Michigan Chemical Corp., USA

SO U.S., 8 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

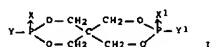
DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 4

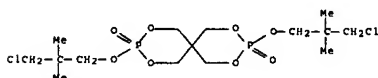
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3978167	A	19760831	US 1975-616935	19750926
GB 1517651	A	19780712	GB 1976-1214	19760113
GB 1517652	A	19780712	GB 1977-45795	19760113
CA 1075257	A1	19800408	CA 1976-243559	19760113
DE 2601278	A1	19770331	DE 1976-2601278	19760115
DE 2601278	C3	19790503		
US 4099975	A	19780711	US 1976-650282	19760119
FR 2325655	A1	19770422	FR 1976-1611	19760121
JP 52042891	A	19770404	JP 1976-9187	19760130
JP 57056916	B	19821202		
PRAI US 1974-429607	A2	19740102		
US 1975-616935	A	19750926		
US 1975-632569	A	19751117		
GB 1976-1214	A	19760113		

GI



AB Organophosphorus compds. of the formula I, where X and X' = O or S and Y and Y' = monovalent halogenated oxaliph. or oxalicyclic or -NRR', where R and R' = H, monovalent hydrocarbon, or halogenated monovalent hydrocarbon, were useful as flame retardants for polymers. Thus, 3,9-dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-dioxide [714-87-4] 29.7, 2,3-dibromopropyl [96-13-9] 43.6, and MgO 0.1g were mixed together, heated 2 hr at 110° to drive off HCl, and cooled to room temperature to give a viscous product which was washed with NH<sub>4</sub>OH at 60° and then with H<sub>2</sub>O and dried under a vacuum. The light brown viscous product was 3,9-bis(2,3-dibromopropoxy)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane-3,9-dioxide [61090-85-5].

IT 41799-86-8P  
RL: PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation and flame retardant properties of)  
RN 61090-88-8 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2,3-chloro-2,2-dimethylpropoxy)-, 3,9-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 714-87-4  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reaction of, with alcohols or amines)  
RN 714-87-4 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



10541021-22 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 1976:561241 CAPLUS Full-Text  
DN 85:161241  
TI Polycyclic phosphate esters  
IN Batorewicz, Wladim  
PA Uniroyal, Inc., USA  
SO U.S., 7 pp.

10541021-22 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 1963:475330 CAPLUS Full-Text  
DN 59:75330

OREF 59:13985h,13986a-d  
TI Some chemical reactions of 3,9-dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide  
AU Rietz, Rudi F. W.; Sweeting, Orville J.  
CS Olin Mathieson Chem. Corp., New Haven, CT  
SO Journal of Organic Chemistry (1963), 28(6), 1608-12  
CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263  
DT Journal  
LA Unavailable  
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA issue.  
AB Pentaerythritol (I) is treated with POCl<sub>3</sub> to give 3,9-dichloro-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide (II) which is converted to an adduct with HCONMe<sub>2</sub>. II is treated with H<sub>2</sub>O and diols to give 3,9-dihydroxy-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane 3,9-dioxide (III). Thus, a mixture of 272.3 g. I and 660 g. POCl<sub>3</sub> is heated 2 hrs. at 90° and 20 hrs. at 100°, the solid product mixed with 500 g. POCl<sub>3</sub>, the mixture refluxed 2 hrs., the excess POCl<sub>3</sub> decanted, and the product heated at 120°/10 mm. The solid is washed 4 times with 200 ml. CCl<sub>4</sub> and with 450 ml. cold absolute EtOH to give 478 g. II, m. 233-5° (HOAc). A solution of 1 g. II in 10 ml. anhydrous HCONMe<sub>2</sub> is refluxed 20 min. and kept at room temperature, and excess HCONMe<sub>2</sub> is distilled after 3 days to give 1.2 g. IV, λ 6.0 μm. A solution is prepared from 19 g. crude II and 150 ml. anhydrous HCONMe<sub>2</sub>, 5.75 g. HO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>OH is added, and the mixture is refluxed 40 min. to give 19.0 g. monodimethylammonium salt, m. 266° [HO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>OH], 97.4% yield, of III. A mixture of 17.82 g. II and 5.4 g. HO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>OH is heated 1 hr. at 110° and 3 hrs. at 145°, and the mixture distilled at 145°/14 mm. to give an oil and a residue, and the residue is extracted with hot EtOH to give an insol. solid. The solid is treated with 50 ml. cold H<sub>2</sub>O and H<sub>2</sub>O is evaporated at room temperature to give 4.4 g. III and the EtOH extract is evaporated to dryness to give a total of 8.3 g. III, m. 306-7° (HOAc), 53.2% yield. The treatment of 5.94 g. II with 2.88 g. 1,4-bis(hydroxymethyl)cyclohexane at 195° also gives III. Crude III monodimethylammonium salt (2.2 g.) is dissolved in 25 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O and the solution is poured over a Dowex-50-W-X-8 column to give 9.8% III, m. 314° (HOAc). III (1.0 g.) is suspended in 4 g. HO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>OH, the mixture is heated at 160° as a tetrahydrofuran-H<sub>2</sub>O azeotrope distills, and 0.9 g. V, m. 314°, is obtained.

IT 96752-42-2  
(Derived from data in the 7th Collective Formula Index (1962-1966))  
RN 96752-42-2 CAPLUS  
CN (Hydroxymethylene)dimethylammonium chloride, phosphate, cyclic diester with pentaerythritol (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 714-87-4P, Pentaerythritol, cyclic diphosphorochloridate  
RL: PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)  
RN 714-87-4 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro-,

CODEN: USXXAM  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN, CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI 3970726	A	19760720	US 1975-543289	19750123
ZA 7507361	A	19761124	ZA 1975-7361	19751124
AU 7587073	A	19770602	AU 1975-87073	19751128
AU 499115	B2	19790405		
DE 2559371	A1	19760729	DE 1975-2559371	19751231
FR 2298553	A1	19760820	FR 1976-1585	19760121
FR 2298553	B1	19790309		
JP 51098224	A	19760830	JP 1976-5527	19760122
PL 105884	B1	19791130	PL 1976-186703	19760122
NL 7600743	A	19760727	NL 1976-743	19760123
US 4054543	A	19771018	US 1976-663173	19760302
PRAI US 1975-543289	A	19750123		

AB Fireproofing agents for polyurethane precursors to be foamed were made by reacting PCl<sub>3</sub> with pentaerythritol [115-77-5] and either oxidizing-esterifying the product, or treating it with ethylene oxide [75-21-8] and chlorinating the product. Thus, the spiroadduct [3443-70-7] of pentaerythritol and PCl<sub>3</sub> was oxidized and esterified with EtOH to give the Et ester. The latter was mixed with 1-(aminoethyl)piperazine-propylene oxide adduct, methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate), surfactants, curing agent, and blowing agents to give a polyurethane with o index 24.5, in contrast with the value of 20.6 when no fireproofing agents was used.

IT 50855-22-2P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and esterification of)

RN 60860-22-2 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(2-chloroethoxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)

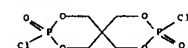


IT 3443-70-7P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and reactions of)

RN 3443-70 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)



3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



10541021-24 OF 24 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 1963:182566 CAPLUS Full-Text  
DN 58:82566

OREF 58:14223g-h,14224a-b  
TI Pentaerythritol phosphates for use as plasticizers  
PA Agfa A.-G.  
SO 5 pp.  
DT Patent  
LA Unavailable  
PATENT NO.

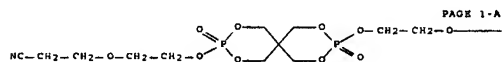
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI GB 922251		19630327	GB 1960-39545	19601117
DE 1155901			DE	
US 3090799		19630521	US 1960-69289	19601115
PRAI DE 1155901		19591117		

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA issue.  
AB Migration and volatility are avoided by using esters of the general formula I, where R and Y are the same or different aryl or alkyl radicals or substituted radicals. Such esters are solvents for most thermoplastic materials. They are made by heating pentaerythritol (II) with POCl<sub>3</sub> and phenols or alcs., or by heating phosphates in vacuo with OH compds. Thus 136 g. II and 500 ml. POCl<sub>3</sub> were heated together on a steam bath. The residual POCl<sub>3</sub> was distilled off in vacuo to give about 250 g. acid ester chloride (III), m. 243-5°, III (300 g.) and PhOH 220 were refluxed with 3 l. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and 300 ml. Et<sub>3</sub>N. The CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was distilled and the residue extracted with a mixture of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O. The Et<sub>3</sub>N salt entered the H<sub>2</sub>O phase and the II phosphate ester dissolved in the CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. Evaporation of the solvent left 300 g. I (R = Y = Ph) (IV), m. 201-2°. Similarly prepared were I (R = Y = 4-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), m. 213°, (from p-cresol); the waxlike I (R = Y = Me(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>11</sub>) (from lauryl alc.); the thick viscous oil I (R = Y = EtOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>) (from monoethyl glycol); the viscous oil I (R = Y = NC(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>) from β-cyanoethyl glycol; I (R = Y = 4-EtOCC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), m. 212°, (from 4-HOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Et); and I (R = Y = 4-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>) m. 221-2°, (from p-chlorophenol). Cellulose triacetate (50 g.) was dissolved in iso-OH 6, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 300, and IV 10 dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 50 parts was added. The solution was freed of bubbles by heating, then cooled and cast on a plate from which it was stripped when dry. The clear film was suitable for a photographic emulsion support. Similar films were made from IV and polystyrene and from IV and poly(vinyl chloride). The other esters described were also used to produce suitable films of good mech. properties.

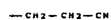
IT 714-87-4 57573-99-9  
(Derived from data in the 7th Collective Formula Index (1962-1966))  
RN 714-87-4 CAPLUS  
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-dichloro-, 3,9-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 97575-98-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Phosphoric acid, ester with 3-(2-hydroxyethoxy)propionitrile, cyclic diester with pentaerythritol (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

IT 4991-39-3P, Ethanol, 2-ethoxy-, phosphate, cyclic diester with pentaerythritol  
 RL: PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)

RN 4991-39-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Phosphoric acid, cyclic diester with pentaerythritol, bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ester (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



\*\* til stng  
 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS  
 FULL ESTIMATED COST

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TOTAL  
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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE  
 ENTRY  
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TOTAL  
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LAST RELOADED: Aug 31, 2007 (20070831/UP).

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 FULL ESTIMATED COST

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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

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TOTAL  
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SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES  
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